#10 Silver Squelchers & Their Interesting Associates

Presented January 2015 by Charles Savoie

1980 Pilgrims Society rosters——Hunt–Arab Silver Play Crushed!

Three second message from The Pilgrims Society click <u>here</u> before progressing.

http://www.nosilvernationalization.org/



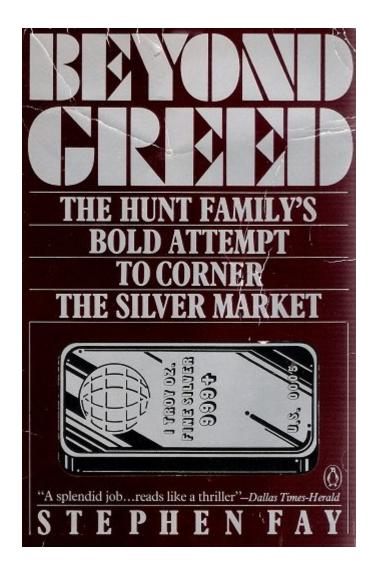
"Uncounted millions are spent to prevent the miner from getting an honest price for his production."

---The Mining Record (Denver), July 11, 1946

"The new law made it "a felony for any person to manipulate or attempt to manipulate the price of any commodity in the futures market."

- ---Page 112, "Beyond Greed---The Hunt Family's Bold Attempt to Corner the Silver Market" (1982)
- The unstated definition of price manipulation in silver is that it can only transpire on the long side.
 - Try passing an economics course in a university if you mention shortside silver price meddling.
 - That may even apply in Idaho and Nevada scholastic institutions.

 I've seen faculty get red faced with hysteria!
- The author worked first for Lord Astor (Pilgrims London) then for Lord <u>Thomson</u> of Fleet (Pilgrims London) ---



Astor was directly descended from John Jacob Astor who as a director of the second United States Bank (1816–1836) was a silver suppressor!

Page 71 has this——"In 1976 the Hunts attracted the attention of the CFTC, which was concerned at the concentration of so much silver in so few hands." Again——concentration in silver is an issue for regulators only if on the long side! The gold and silver shorts created the CFTC to cover for them!

Page 221 has this, referring to a banker in Chicago---

"The United States government was not willing to let free market forces operate in the banking system."

The destruction of the Hunt-Arab silver play was a warning to the new rich in the USA and the world *to not go long silver!*

Not only the Hunts, but regiments of small investors were burned in yet another Pilgrims Society monetary inferno. As Fay admitted on page 267---

"A member of the group who lost \$40,000 suffered an attack of high blood pressure resulting in complete loss of sight."

Dozens of Pilgrims Society members over the years who've been trustees of blindness research groups now have their successors expecting to charge people their entire life's savings when retinal restoration treatments become possible——and they will. These are wealth seizers and wealth absorbers——not altruists.

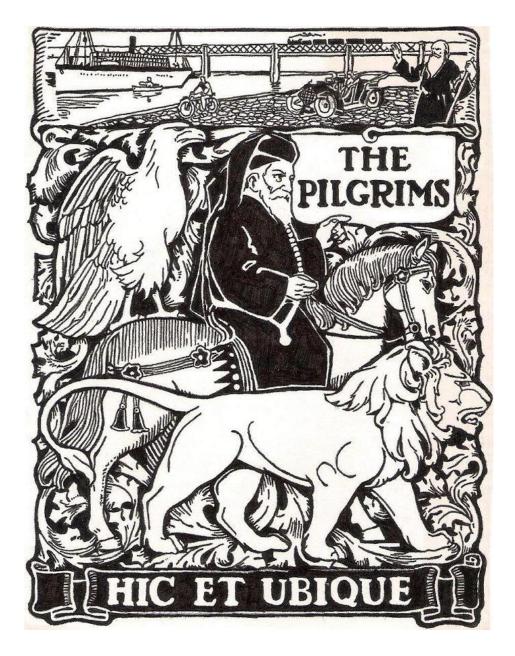
The 1980 rosters for The <u>Pilgrims</u> London and New York are the most recent rosters to have slipped into the public domain. Some outsiders like secretaries may have seen these and figured "just another high powered social club." 1980 was the year the Hunt-Arab silver long play was smashed. So it appears appropriate to focus on members in the 1980 lists who one way or another had a

role to play in the Hunts being crushed. For #11 Silver Squelchers I want to present 15 members from the 1980 rosters who may not have had direct involvement in silver suppression, but were elevated in the financial cosmos or had other large influence, so that we can have a series of 12 presentations. #12 will consist of men who became members after the 1980 rosters were compiled, whose identities are determined from reliable sources. The Pilgrims Society, founded in London in 1902 and New York in 1903, is composed of descendants of the rapacious looters who ransacked vast areas of the world during the centuries of the British Empire's colonial exploitations——including the silver payment for opium trade in China; descendants of old European and British royalty and the current British Royal family, who are the planet's largest landowners; the nineteenth century North American "robber barons;" large real estate owners tracing to Dutch and British colonial land grants (and in some cases active in the slave trade) before the Revolutionary War; the top financiers of The City of London and Wall Street; key figures in the Bank of England and the Federal Reserve System; leading industrialists and figures in world oil, mining, agribusiness, chemical and transportation industries; strategically placed politicians who shepherd the others who merely get payoffs for legislation; leading diplomats, generals and ambassadors and the fellow travelers of these elite neo-royalists. The genealogies of many members over the years are heavily interrelated by multiple marriage links connecting major and second tier dynasties. The Pilgrims Society does not release rosters to the

public. All such lists have surfaced due to lists leaking or being found hidden deep in large university and library genealogical or historic archives. It is the premier globalist organization in existence and easily makes the others resemble children playing in a sandbox. It is the <u>source</u> of the long standing worldwide brutal suppression of silver and gold prices, demonetization, and attacks against private ownership of the monetary metals.

"A Secret Society gradually absorbing the wealth of the world."

--- Last Will & Testament of diamond monopolist Cecil Rhodes



"HERE AND EVERYWHERE"

Before starting our list of 15 members of The Pilgrims involved with the ruination of the Hunt-Arab silver play, let's look at brief background history of COMEX price suppression. From 1967 and into fall 1970 the Treasury Department, acting through the General Services Administration, staged a multi-year series of alleged auctions ("taxpayer and miner subsidized candy store giveaways to support silver price suppression") to members of the Silver Users Association. For a detailed report, see "The Silver Raiders" released in September 2003. Naturally then as always, government actions harmed the silver miners. Average price received for the 304,886,975 silver ounces during the auctions was a mere \$1.84 per ounce---Wall Street Journal, November 11, 1970, page 16. Immediately after that corrupt episode ended, silver prices collapsed on the COMEX in spring 1971, always in defiance of free market basics! Most market observers thought after the auctions ended, a price increase would follow. No, not on the COMEX! On May 21, 1971, COMEX silver fell to \$1.62 per ounce on bearish statements by Englehard (Silver Users Association); afterwards Nixon through his fascist agency, the Cost of Living Council, ordered silver pricecapped to please his Pilgrims Society overlords, at \$1.61 an ounce, as reported on July 24, 1972, page 16, Wall Street Journal.

The New York Times, June 10, 1971, page 67, in a feature entitled, "Six Silver Nations To Meet in Mexico On Sagging Prices," noted---

"Mexico has called a meeting of the world's principal silver producers to consider joint action to increase and stabilize sagging silver prices. The meeting will bring together representatives from Mexico, Peru, Canada, Australia and India as well as the United States. Mexico's Under Secretary for Nonrenewable Resources, Luis de la Pena Porth, who proposed the forthcoming talks, puts the blame on speculators on the New York Commodity Exchange for the unexpected drop in silver prices since the United States Treasury

stopped selling silver. Mexico has complained that its mines have suffered severely from the falling price of silver, which has gone from a high of \$2.48 an ounce in June 1968, to below \$1.60 this June. The Mexican Under Secretary pointed out that, at present, there was no relationship between trade in silver and actual silver supplies, so that the price was fixed by the speculative futures market rather than by consumers and producers." The NYT follow-up story on June 21, 1971, page 42, noted——

"The delegations from the United States, Canada, and Australia had strict instructions not to discuss alternative pricing mechanisms nor ways of influencing demand or supply. During the three days of discussions, Mexico and Peru, which have been worst hit by the fall in silver prices, took the strongest position against speculators on the New York Commodity Exchange whom they blame for the bear market."

Secretary of State William P. Rogers (Pilgrims Society) sent the U.S. delegation. He later resided at 870 United Nations Plaza. He was a law partner of Kenneth Royall (Pilgrims Society) who became a JFK Library trustee.

LET THE ROGUE'S GALLERY BEGIN!

1) Paul <u>Volcker</u> (Pilgrims 1980; Pilgrims vice president as of a 2006 document found at Guide Star) was chairman of the Federal Reserve System, August 1979 to August 1987. He came to the job from being with Chase Manhattan Bank and many very sensibly concluded

he was chosen by David Rockefeller (Pilgrims Society since 1949 or earlier) to head the Federal Reserve. David was on record opposing gold prices over \$35 the ounce almost 18 years earlier--- Life Magazine, July 6, 1962, pages 30–34, featured a letter exchange between Pilgrims Society member David Rockefeller and President Kennedy, in which Rocky called for a "cooperative effort to dampen down the gold price, and the strengthening of the International Monetary Fund." Kennedy's response appeared compliant; but that was months before Executive Order 11110 was issued. That EO was on June 4, 1963, and on November 22, 1963, JFK was "shut off" in Dallas. In the interim, Treasury Secretary Douglas Dillon (Pilgrims Society second generation member) never implemented EO 11110, which was that silver certificates be issued against Treasury silver, instead of the silver going to the Silver Users Association for global price suppression. In spite of the fact that Kennedy's father was the head of a family probably worth several hundred million dollars, and that he had been chairman of the Securities Exchange Commission, ambassador to England and a Pilgrims Society member, JFK was rubbed out. The inner circle of The Pilgrims makes policy that other members must follow! David Rockefeller chaired Chase Manhattan Bank, 1969 to 1981 and used its influence to contribute to routing the Hunts.

"I certainly do not want the Hunts to resume speculation in silver"
---Pilgrims Society member Paul Volcker, then chairman of the

Federal Reserve System, to New York Congressman Benjamin Rosenthal (voted for Coinage Act of 1965 removing most silver from USA coinage), House of Representatives testimony, Congressional Record, April 30, 1980. "The Federal Reserve (under Volcker) issued a stern warning against providing loans to finance speculation in silver." Almost two generations later, Pilgrims Society member Volcker, leader of the gold and silver suppressing Group of 30 (central bankers) in Washington D.C., with their gold swaps, silver leasing and metals derivatives, is still rampaging across the financial landscape like a monetary version of Lee Oswald——



At The Group of 30 Volcker is <u>silent</u> on his Pilgrims activities! 2004 Pilgrims document seen at Guide Star, since deleted——

Part V List of Officers, Directors, Trustees, and Key Employees (List each one even		
(A) Name and address	(B) Title and average hours per week devoted to position	(C) Cc (If not
HENRY LUCE, III	PRESIDENT	
122 EAST 58TH STREET		
NEW YORK, NY 10022	0	
MARK SINK	VICE PRESIDEN	т
122 EAST 58TH STREET		
NEW YORK, NY 10022	0	
HENRY A. KISSINGER	VICE PRESIDEN	T
122 EAST 58TH STREET		
NEW YORK, NY 10022	0	
PAUL VOLKER	VICE PRESIDNE	T
122 EAST 58TH STREET		
NEW YORK, NY 10022	0	
JOHN C. WHITEHEAD	VICE PRESIDEN	Т
122 EAST 58TH STREET		
NEW YORK, NY 10022	0	
CASPAR WEINBERGER	VICE PRESIDEN	T
122 EAST 58TH STREET		
NEW YORK, NY 10022	0	
LAURENCE C. WINDSOR, JR.	SECRETARY	
122 EAST 58TH STREET		
NEW YORK, NY 10022	0	
EBAN W. PYNE	TREASURER	
122 EAST 58TH STREET		
NEW YORK, NY 10022	0	
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Luce was an heir to the Time Incorporated fortune. "Sink" should be spelled "Sisk;" he was an Episcopal clergyman——most members (80% +) are Episcopalians. Whitehead used to be top honcho at Goldman Sachs and reps for both the Rockefellers and the Mellons. Weinberger, an *Episcopalian*, as Defense Secretary dumped 24.435MOZ silver from the former defense stockpile for price suppression; Windsor is a relative of the British Royals; Eben Pyne of Citigroup inherited several old—line nineteenth century fortunes, including that of banking and railroad magnate Moses Taylor, estimated to have been worth \$70 million in 1882 dollars.

As of March 14, 1980, USA banks entirely stopped lending for "speculative" purchases of gold and silver—on orders of Paul Volcker (page 199 "Beyond Greed"). That was another blow to the Hunt silver plan, and helped pave the way to "Silver Thursday" on March 27, 1980, when silver again skidded precipitously.

By 1986 the "bailout" loan for the Hunts that Volcker supervised resulted in them being broken out of 59 to 63MOZ silver. Treasury Secretary at the time was Pilgrims Society member James Addison Baker III, who it's hard to conceive wouldn't have been involved in all that silver being set aside for ongoing price suppression——



Baker is the lead trustee of the Howard Hughes Medical Research Institute with \$18.6 billion in assets.

For the details of Pilgrims Society members seizing Howard Hughes fortune see #8 Silver Squelchers, pages 81-94.

2) Robert H. Knight, Pilgrims Society, descendant of Eli Whitney, inventor of the cotton gin, who was with the Wall Street law firm of Shearman & Sterling, chaired the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, 1977-1983, covering the time of the great silver run-up and its orchestrated crash, and certainly would have worked closely with Pilgrims member Paul Volcker in bringing the Hunts down along with the severe crash in silver prices, and in stripping them of most of their fortune within the next six years. The New York Times, October 2, 2008, called Knight "an influential lawyer who served several Presidents" and "Mr. Knight also served on numerous corporate boards of directors." Substantially adding to Knight's credentials as a silver suppressor, he was general counsel to the Treasury Department under Pilgrims Society member Douglas Dillon and undersecretary Robert V. Roosa (Pilgrims Society) in their campaign against monetary silver from the early to mid 1960s! Knight was also a director of The Pilgrims most important subsidiary, the Council on Foreign Relations. As a Yale graduate Knight was most likely a member of one of its five superfraternities, and may also have been a member of the Raven Society of the University of Virginia. So-called super-fraternities were the subject of Glenn Ford's fine 1970 movie, "Brotherhood of the Bell," (see 1:23:35 to 1:25:35) which left out the detail that they're all lower in the influence constellation than The Pilgrims Society. How is so much coordinated pressure against silver prices made possible? Answer---"membership organizations," The Pilgrims being way at the top.

"CENTRAL BANKERS HAVE A PREJUDICE AGAINST SILVER." – The Times, London, November 17, 1931, page 15.

"The invention of the cotton gin (Whitney, 1793) multiplied the demand for <u>slave labor</u>."



1994 Who's Who in America, page 1912---

KNIGHT, ROBERT HUNTINGTON, lawyer, bank executive; b. New Haven, Feb. 27, 1919; s. Earl Wall and Frances Pierpont (Whitney) K.; m. Rosemary C. Gibson, Apr. 19, 1975; children-Robert Huntington, Jessie Valle, Patricia Whitney, Alice Isabel, Eli Whitney. Grad., Phillips Acad., Andover, Mass., 1936; B.A., Yale, 1940; LL.B., U. Va., 1947. Bar: N.Y. bar 1950. With John Orr Young, Inc. (advt. agy.), 1940-41; asst. prof. U. Va. Law Sch., 1947-49; assoc. firm Shearman & Sterling & Wright, N.Y.C., 1949-55; ptnr. Shearman & Sterling & Wright, 1955-58; dep. asst. sec. def. for internat. security affairs Dept. Def., 1958-61; gen. counsel Treasury Dept., 1961-62; ptnr. firm Shearman & Sterling, N.Y.C., 1962-80, sr. ptnr., 1980-85; dep. chmn. Fed. Res. Bank N.Y., 1976-77, chmn., 1977-83; counsel to bd. United Technologies Corp., 1974-85; dir. internat. bd. Owens-Corning Fiberglas Corp., 1989-; dir. I-Corps, Nat. Leadership Bank, Mercator, Inc., Citizen Exchange Coun.; mem. Intelsat Arbitration Panel, 1971-91. Bd. dirs. Internat. Vol. Services; chmn. bd. dirs. U. Va. Law Sch. Found., 1970-90; bd. dirs. Asia Found.. Served to lt. col. USAAF, 1941-45. Mem. ABA, Fed. Bar Assn., Internat. Bar Assn., Inter-Am. Bar Assn., Assn. of Bar of City of N.Y., N.Y County Lawyers Assn., Internat. Law Assn., Washington Inst. Fgn. Affairs, Council Fgn. Relations, Pilgrims Club, Links Club, World Trade Ctr Club, River Club (N.Y.C.), Army and Navy Club, Met. Club (Washington), Round Hill Club (Greenwich, Conn.), Ocean Club (Ocean Ridge, Fla.), Farmington Club (Va.). Home: 12 Knollwood Dr Greenwich CT 06830-4733 also: 570 Park Ave New York NY 10021 also: 6767 N Ocean Blvd Ocean Ridge FL 33435 Office: 599 Lexington Ave New York NY 10022-6030



Intelsat Arbitration Panel——Intelsat is an abbreviation for International Satellite. Notice part of his wife's name, "Pierpont," another genealogical connection to William The Conqueror in the Norman conquest of England in the year 1066 AD and a name tied into the family of J.P. Morgan Senior (Pilgrims Society) and J.P. Morgan Junior (Pilgrims Society). A document dated January 1918 shows that even as of that time, the Federal Reserve was pushing for reduction in the silver certificate currency picture.

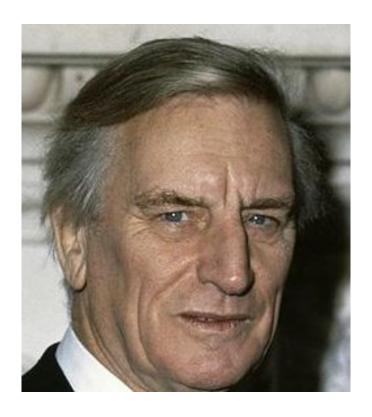
3) Gordon Richardson, Baron Richardson of Duntisbourne, Order of the British Empire (1915–2010, <u>Pilgrims</u> London), Order of the Garter (founded 1348), Order of the British Empire, was governor of the Bank of England (1973–1983) during the time that Treasury

Secretary, Pilgrims Society member William E. Simon bombed gold down from \$200 to \$105 while second generation Pilgrims Society member Walter B. Wriston, chairman of Citicorp (now Citigroup) was crowing that gold was going to retreat back to \$35 the ounce. Richardson was head of the Bank of England during the entire time of the Hunt, then the Hunt–Arab silver play, and while the Hunts and their Arab partners were crushed after mid–January 1980. He was chairman of The Pilgrim Trust from 1984–1989 (of which more below) and was senior advisor to Morgan Stanley. He was a director of the Bank for International Settlements (1973–1985), governor of the Ditchley Foundation, member international advisory board to Chase Manhattan Bank; director Rolls Royce, et cetera.

Richardson played a major role in smashing the Hunt fortune along with Pilgrims Society member Paul Volcker at the Federal Reserve, and Pilgrims Society member William E. Simon, by that time a COMEX governor, and were all crushing precious metals to strengthen the world's twin central banks in London and Washington! Here's Richardson's info from page 713 of the International Year Book & Statesmen's Who's Who (1969) --- (reprinted from #8 Silver Squelchers) ---

RICHARDSON, Gordon (William Humphreys), M.B.E.; British. Chairman Schroders Ltd. 1965—, and J. Henry. Schroder Wagg & Co. Ltd. 1962—. Chairman of Board, J. Henry Schroder Banking Corp., New York, 1967—. Chairman, Schroders AG, Zurich 1967—. Director, Bank of England 1967-. Vice-Chairman, Legal & General Assurance Society Ltd. 1959— (a Director since 1956). B. 1915; educ. Nottingham High School and Gonville & Caius College. Cambridge (B.A. in Law, LL.B.); m. 1941, Margaret Alison, daughter late Canon H. R. L. Sheppard; s. 1, dau. 1, Commissioned South Notts. Hussars Yeomanry 1939; Staff Coll., Camberley 1941. Called to Bar (Gray's Inn) 1946; member Bar Council 1949-55. With Industrial & Commercial Finance Corp. Ltd. 1955-57; Dir., J. Henry Schroder & Co. 1957; member Company Law Amendment Committee (Jenkins Committee) 1959-62; Chmn. Committee on Turnover Taxation 1963-64; member Court of London University 1962-65; Director Lloyds Bank Ltd. 1960-67 (Vice-Chmn. 1962-66). Club: Brooks's (London). Address: 64 Chelsea Square, London, S.W.3; and (office) 120 Cheapside, London, E.C.2.

Gordon Richardson, Pilgrims Society member without a British imperialistic pith helmet but with a tea and crumpets face, gold and silver price antagonist——



The Bank of England---silver/gold suppressing entity---



Richardson was made a member of the Privy Council to the British Sovereign in 1976. From 1985 to 1991 he was a member of the Group of Thirty (central banks organized by The Pilgrims Society for gold and silver price suppression (gold swap, silver leasing and metals derivatives activities). He was chairman of the Pilgrim Trust (1984–1989) which was founded and funded in 1930 by Pilgrims Society member Edward Harkness, heir to the second largest bloc in Standard Oil Company. Richardson was deeply involved with the Schroder global banking empire; several other Pilgrims Society members from the 1969 roster were identified with the Schroder group——Edmund Bartlett, Gerald F. Beal and John I. Howell in New York, and Baron Bruno L. Schroder in London. Beal was a director of Schroder Rockefeller & Company; American Home Assurance;

Francisco Sugar Company; Manati Sugar Company; Grange Trust.

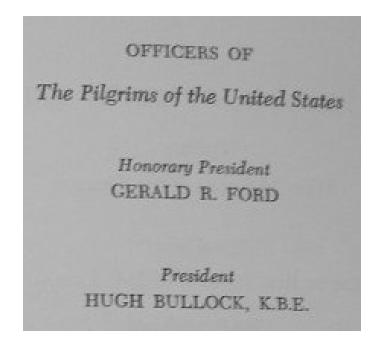
To that you can add Avery Rockefeller Jr., who was part of Schroder–Rockefeller & Company. Howell was a director of Schroder Rockefeller; Dominick Fund; and United California Bank. Schroder's today manages over \$400 billion in assets.



The Ford-Rockefeller administration? Sure! Just reverse the names and positions!

Gerald Ford, Michigan Republican, voted "aye" on July 14, 1965, to the Coinage Act of 1965, removing most silver from American coins.

1976 document---



4) Ford appointed William E. Simon (Pilgrims Society) to be Secretary of the Treasury (1974–1977) and while in office he promised certain Congressmen a tour of Fort Knox in Kentucky—— to view the large USA gold reserves that purportedly are there, and he characteristically reneged. One of his books (ghostwritten), "A Time For Truth" came out in 1978 and was a monumental farce by this cartel monopolist. Below, Simon speaking at the 1975 International Monetary Conference in Amsterdam, Netherlands. The one eyed pirate seated was Gabriel Hauge, Pilgrims Society, chairman of Manufacturers Hanover Trust, a megabank that became part of the present JPM Chase empire. Hauge was on the Bilderberg steering committee and "maintained close ties with Presidents Richard M. Nixon and Gerald R. Ford" and was known "intimately" (no sexual innuendo) by Arthur Burns, Federal Reserve System chairman and Pilgrims Society member. Referring to President

Eisenhower (Pilgrims Society), this interview with Gabriel Hauge said "It's difficult to get an appointment with the President of the United States. But few persons see President Eisenhower more often than our guest. He has a set date at the White House at 11 AM every Monday morning. He goes there and keeps the President informed of the economic pulse rate of the nation." Hauge was on the Manufacturers Hanover board into 1980 and was a director of Royal Dutch Petroleum, Chrysler, New York Telephone, American Home Products, 950 Park Avenue Building, Scandinavian Airlines, New York Life Insurance, Discount Corporation of New York, American Metal Climax, Brooklyn Union Gas, the Council on Foreign Relations and was a trustee of the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace.

Simon boasted, "I'm the guy that <u>caused</u> the lines at the gas stations" as chief of the Federal Energy Office in 1973–1974---



According to the Australian League of Rights at www.alor.org/Volume11/Vol11No34.htm ---

"The world's Money Rulers are trying to phase out gold as the basis of monetary reserves. We believe that the most powerful group of International Finance operators is aiming to have International Monetary Fund Special Drawing Rights (S.D.R.s) accepted as the World Reserve Currency. This does not please such people as the French monetary authorities who are sitting on large gold reserves. The International Monetary Fund has very recently been "dumping" gold in the world's bullion markets. The United States' Secretary of the Treasury, Mr. William Simon, intends that the role of gold will be

phased out of international monetary dealings. MR. SIMON REPRESENTS THE MOST POWERFUL GROUP OF INTERNATIONAL FINANCE OPERATORS."

Simon served as a governor of the Asian Development Bank; the Inter-American Development Bank; the World Bank; and the antiprecious metals IMF---



In the July 2010 <u>release</u> "Treasury Official Lies About Gold" we have this excerpt scanned on Simon for purposes of this 1980 silver year report——

William E. Simon from the 1990–1991 Who's Who edition, page 3023, showing an increase of a stunning 1,500% in length, from the original 7 lines in the 1974–1975 WW to a breathtaking 105 lines. This was the Pilgrims Society member on the COMEX board when the Hunt-Arab silver play was crushed in yet another monumental Pilgrims Society monetary maelstrom——

SIMON, WILLIAM EDWARD, investment banker, former secretary of treasury; b. Paterson, N.J., Nov. 27, 1927; m. Carol Girard, Sept. 9, 1950; children: William Edward Jr., John Peter, Mary Beth Simon Streep, Carol Leigh Simon Porges, Aimee Simon Bloom, Julie Ann, Johanna Katrina. BA in Govt. and Law, Lafayette Coll., 1952, LLD (hon.), 1973; other hon. degrees include LLD, Pepperdine U., 1975, Manhattanville Coll., 1978, Washington U., 1980, Boston U., 1980, Washington Coll., 1984, Rider Coll., 1984, Seton Hall U., 1984, Fairleigh Dickenson U., 1984, Rutgers U., 1985, U. Rochester, 1985; D of Civil Law, Jacksonville U., 1976; Scriptural Degree, Israel Torah Rsch. Inst., Jerusalem, 1976; Doctor Philosophiae honoris causa, Tel Aviv U., 1976; DSc, New Eng. Coll., 1977; D of Humanics, Springfield U., 1986; D of Econs., Hanyang U., Seoul, Republic of Korea, 1988. With Union Securities Co., N.Y.C., 1952-57, asst. v.p., mgr. mcpl. trading dept., 1955-57; v.p. Weeden & Co., N.Y.C., 1957-64; joined Salomon Bros. & Hutzler, N.Y.C., 1964; sr. ptnr., mem. exec. com. Salomon Bros., N.Y.C., 1964-73; dep. sec. Dept. Treasury, Washington, 1973-74; adminstr. Fed. Energy Office, Washington, 1973-74; sec. of the treasury 1974-77; sr. cons. Booz Allen & Hamilton Inc., 1977-79; sr. advisor Blyth Eastman Dillon & Co. Inc., 1977-80; dep. chmn. Olayan Investments Co. Establishment, 1980-82; chmn. Crescent Diversified Ltd., 1980-82, Wesray Corp., 1981-86, Wesray Capital Corp., 1984-86; chmn. emeritus Wesray Corp., Wesray Capital Corp., 1987; currently chmn., pres. William E. Simon & Sons, Inc., Morristown, N.J.; co-chmn. WSGP Internat. Inc., L.A.; also chmn. William E. Simon Found. Inc., Geostar Corp.; bd. dirs. Castleton Inc., Weintraub Entertainment Group Inc., Wellsford Group Inc.; former cons. Brazilinvest, Allstate Ins. Co., Calvin Bullock Ltd., Johnson & Johnson; cons. W.R. Grace & Co., 1977; former mem. pub. rev. bd. Arthur Andersen & Co.; lectr. numerous schs. including Harvard Bus. Sch., U. Mich., Georgetown U., Boston U., U. Chgo., Columbia U., Lafayette Coll., U. Notre Dame, Oxford U., USAF Acad., L.I. U., Washington U., St. Louis, Princeton U., Erasmus U., Rotterdam, The Netherlands, U. Rochester, Susquehanna U., Fairleigh Dickerson U. Author: A Time for Truth, 1978, A Time For Action, 1980; mem. editorial adv. bds. Washington Times. Pres. John M. Olin Found., Richard Nixon Presdl. Libr. and Birthplace Found.; chmn. investment com. USAF Acad.; mem. Fed. Adv. Bd. Commn. for the Preservation of the Treasury Bldg.; former pres. and treas. U.S. Olympic Com., now mem. exec. bd. and adminstry. com., fin. com.; trustee Hillsdale Coll., Heritage Found., Nat. Investors Hall of Fame, Boston U., Adelphi U.; hon. trustee Newark Boys Chorus Sch.; trustee emeritus Lafayette Coll.; trustee, mem. investment com., mem. exec. adv. coun. Simon Sch., U. Rochester; chmn. bd. trustees U.S. Olympic Found., Community Found. N.J.; bd. dirs. Sequoia Inst., World Cup '94 Organizing Com., Kissinger Assocs., Nat. Football Found. and Hall of Fame Inc., Cath. Big Bros., Covenant House, Boys Harbor Inc., Internat. Found. for Edn. and Self Help, Citizens Network for Fgn. Affairs, The Courage Found., The Am. Friends of Covent Garden, The Royal Ballet Inc.; bd. dirs., mem. budget and fin. com. The Gerald Ford Found.; mem. nat. coun. trustees Freedoms Found. at Valley Forge; mem. adv. bd., sec./treas. Jesse Owens Found.; hon. chmn. Inst. Ednl. Affairs; mem. bd. overseers Hoover Instn. on War, Revolution and Peace, Stanford U., Exec. Coun. on Fgn. Diplomats; mem. adv. bd. Am. rep. Pacific Security Rsch. Inst., U. So. Calif. Sch. Bus. Adminstrn.; mem. adv. bd. S.A.I.L., Pvt. Sector Initiatives Found., Women's Sports Found., U.S. Assn. Blind Athletes, Caths. Committed to Support the Pope, Ctr. for Christianity and the Common Good; mem. nat. adv. bd. Sudden Infant Death Syndrome Alliance; chmn. adv. bd. Teach for Am.; mem. com.

(Continued)---

Cardinal's Com. of the Laity; bd. govs. N.Y. Hosp., Ronald Reagan Presdl. Found.; mem. Amb. John D. J. Moore Scholarship Fund, Dublin, Ireland, Nat. Coun. Recording for the Blind; mem. com. for restoration John B. Kelly Jr. Meml. Boathouse; mems. of coun. Templeton Coll.; mem. vis. com. Marine Scis. Rsch. Ctr., SUNY, Stony Brook; mem. internat. councillors Ctr. for Strategic and Internat. Studies; mem. hon. com. Women's Econ. Round Table; mem. inaugural adv. bd. Gene Autry Western Heritage Mus.; mem. exec. com. The Bretton Woods Commn.; mem. policy coun. The Tax Found.; hon. chmn. fund rasing campaign Morris Ctr. YMCA; hon. cochmn. Liberty Pk. Found., Suffolk County Vietnam Vets. Meml. Commn., U.S. Fitness Acad. Campaign, Nat. Fitness Found.; contbr. N.J. State Caddy Scholarship Fund, U.S. Golf Assn. Found. Served with inf. U.S. Army, 1946-48. Decorated Order of the Nile (Egypt); recipient Investment Bankers Assn. Am. award, 1970, Small Bus. Adminstrn. citation, 1971, 2d ann. Wall St. Div. Youth Services award B'nai B'rith, 1971, Outstanding Service to His Country award Port Authority N.Y., 1973, Merit award Securities Industry Assn., 1973, Outstanding Citizen of N.J. award Advt. Club N.J., 1974, Financial World award, 1974, Good Scout award Boy Scouts Am., 1974, Outstanding Citizen of Yr. award, 1974, Civic Leadership award Am. Jewish Com., 1975, Dean's citation Am. U., 1975, Trustees medal Fairleigh Dickenson U., 1975, Gold medal Nat. Inst. Social Scis., 1975, Achievement award Newark Acad. Alumni Assn., 1975, Bicentennial award U.S. Citizen's Congress, 1975, Young Americans For Freedom citation, 1975, Am. Inst. for Pub. Service award, 1976, Bus. in Pub. Affairs award C. of C. of Md., 1976, Flame of Truth award Fund for Higher Edn. in Israel, 1976, Disting. Achievements award Money Marketers of NYU, 1976, NYU Coll. Bus. and Pub. Adminstrn. medal, 1976, Govt. Service award Pub. Relations Soc. Am.,

(Continued)---

1976, Carnauba Palm award S.C. Johnson and Son Inc., 1976, Econ. Reform citation Chapman Coll., 1977, Alexander Hamilton award Dept. Treasury, 1977, Am. Legion award, 1977, Brotherhood award NCCJ, 1977, Outstanding Achievement award Freedoms Found. at Valley Forge, 1978, Order of Anthony Wayne citation Valley Forge Mil. Acad. and Jr. Coll., 1978, Disting. Patriot award SAR, 1979, George Washington Kidd award Lafayette Coll. Alumni Assn., 1979, George Washington Honor medal Valley Forge Freedom Found., 1979, Ann. award Eastside Conservative Club, 1980, Service Above Self award Easton Rotary Club, 1980, Charles Edison Meml. award Easton Rotary Club, 1980, Leadership award Columbia Bus. Sch., 1982, Cath. Big Bros. of Yr. award Lotus Club, 1982, Hall of Fame award Tri-County Scholarship, 1983, Disting. Service award The Liberty Bowl, 1983, Jesse Owens Internat. Amateur Athletic award, 1984, Reed K. Swenson Leadership award Nat. Jr. Coll. Athletic Assn., 1984, Man of Yr. award, N.Y. Athletic Club, 1984, Gov.'s Com. on Scholastic Achievement award, 1985, Golden Medallion award Internat. Swimming Hall of Fame, 1985, Internat. Exec. of Yr. award Am. Grad. Sch. Internat. Mgmt., 1985, Humanitarian award Am. Sportscaster Assn., 1985, Man of Yr. award Morristown Rotary Club, 1986, Disting. Citizen award Greater N.Y. council Boy Scouts Am., 1986, Sportsman of Yr. award All Am. Collegiate Golf Found., 1986, Golden Plate award Am. Acad. Achievement, 1986, Disting. Service award Cons. Engrs. Council N.J., 1987, Charles McCaffree award Coll. Swimming Coaches Assn. Am. Inc., 1987, Covenant House award, 1988, 1st Ann. award Mid-Atlantic Legal Found. 1988, Pres.'s medal Adelphi U., 1989, Entrepreneur of Yr. award Henry Bloch Sch. Bus. and Pub. Adminstrn., U. Mo., Kansas City, 1989, Jesse

(Simon's listing finally concluded) notice the "Sheriff's Jury" ---

Owens Internat. award U.S. Olympic Com., 1990; named to Societe d'Honneur of Lafayette Coll., 1986, to l'Ordre Olympique by le Comité Internat. Olympique, 1987. Mem. Coun. on Fgn. Rels., The Soc. of Friendly Sons of St. Patrick, Pilgrims of U.S., Pennsylvania Soc., Mont Pelerin Soc., Asia Soc. (trustee), Explorers Club, Assn. N.J. Rifle and Pistol Club, Order of Malta (exec. com.). Clubs: Alfalfa (Washington); Balboa Bay (Calif.); Madison Sq. Garden, Maidstone Inc., River, Sheriff's Jury Inc., Links, Brook, N.Y. Yacht, Bond of N.Y., Mcpl. Bond of N.Y., N.Y. Athletic (N.Y.C.); Commonwealth of Calif. (San Francisco); Lyford Cay (Nassau, Bahamas); Mendham Valley Gun (N.J.); Country Club of Colo. (Colorado Springs); Gulf Stream Golf (Fla.); Rolling Rock (Ligonier, Pa.); Waialae Country, Oahu Country (Honolulu); Morris County Golf (N.J.). Numerous dedications in his honor, including William E. Simon Chair of Polit. Economy, Lafayette Coll., 1981, William E. Simon Ctr. Econs. and Bus. Adminstrn., 1986, William E. Simon and Carol G. Simon Library Wing, Lafayette U., 1987, William E. Simon Grad. Sch. Bus. Adminstrn., U. Rochester, 1986, William E. Simon Chair in Polit. Economy, Georgetown U. Ctr. Strategic and Internat. Studies, 1981, William E. and Carol G. Simon Athletic Ctr., Morristown-Beard Sch., Morristown, N.J., 1986; also the William E. Simon Minority Scholarship Fund, Lafayette Coll., William E. Simon Minority Fellowship Program, SUNY-Stony Brook Marine Sci. Research Ctr., William E. Simon Scholarship Endowment, Community Found. of N.J., William E. Simon Scholarship Fund, Casita Maria, Inc., William E. Simon Family Scholarship, Diocese of Paterson, Simon Family Fund for Youth, Morris Ctr. YMCA, William E. Simon Minority Scholarship Fund, Boston Coll. Home: Nomis Hill Sand Spring Rd New Vernon NJ 07976 Office: William E Simon & Sons Inc 310 South St CN-1913 Morristown NJ 07960-1913

Simon was a "high profile investor" who had "a golden touch."

Did he go short silver because as a member of the governing committee of COMEX, he'd have known when to act?

I haven't located court acceptable evidence to support the claim made by this source, but believing otherwise is folly---

"The Hunt brothers were screwed over by the government and the Federal Reserve. The CFTC/COMEX/CBOT are the regulators that set the rules for the commodities exchanges. The people sitting on the regulatory body are all financial industry insiders, EACH OF WHICH

HAD A HUGE SHORT POSITION IN SILVER! First, they set position limits. The number of silver contracts each person could own was restricted, although the Hunt brothers' existing position was partially grandfathered. Second, THEY BANNED OPENING TRANSACTIONS. ONLY CLOSING TRANSACTIONS WERE ALLOWED. Third, they raised margin requirements for long speculators BUT NOT SHORT SPECULATORS! This forced the Hunt brothers into margin calls, while the short speculators could wait to buy and cover!"

(Emphasis in the original).

Simon was additionally a director of Xerox and Citigroup, and in 1987 bought the Six Flags Over Texas amusement park with Pilgrims Society member Albert H. Gordon of Kidder, Peabody & Company acting in a temporary role. Simon was president of the John M. Olin Foundation, named for John Merrill Olin (Pilgrims 1969), a chemical industry magnate producing on a large scale among other things, the chlorine added to your drinking water, which fosters arthritis, heart disease and cancer! Taking steaming hot <u>showers</u> in chlorinated water is among the most effective ways of accelerating the aging process! Pilgrims Society members are mega-termites consciously working to harm your health and shorten your lifespan and bleed your finances white in the process. Chlorine is called "a crippler and killer." Olin left hundreds of millions for his foundations Pilgrims Society objectives. Simon mentioned he was on the executive committee of the Bretton Woods Commission, referring to the 1944 Bretton Woods Conference. The

Mining Congress Journal, February 1945, page 93 grimly reported---

"NO FRIENDS OF SILVER WERE INVITED TO ATTEND THE CONFERENCES AT BRETTON WOODS."

On January 7, 1980, so-called Silver rule #7 was put into effect, severely limiting the Hunts buying silver on margin; however, they had borrowed heavily to buy more silver, figuring that the price rise they forced would persist. It didn't because it wasn't allowed to--liquidation only orders were issued less than two weeks later by the COMEX governing board, of which gold antagonist Simon was easily the most elite member and since selling was the only activity allowed in silver on the crooked exchange, naturally the price began a tailspin and increasingly the Hunts came under pressure to meet margin calls and pay for silver at rates higher than when they contracted for it. The plan was working perfectly to crush another New Rich dynasty not allied with The Pilgrims Society. Simon was among the few Pilgrims members identifying as Catholics; most are Episcopalian, allied historically with the Church of England; the Society may contain more Jews than Catholics. I question that any Catholic member has allegiance to Rome equal to their allegiance to London or they'd have not been admitted as this isn't a Catholic organization. Jesuit control? I have seen none. That your building resembles another's is not proof he owns you.

Simon was a member of 21 country clubs; the fiat money economist Mont Pelerin Society and the toxic Bretton Woods Commission. He was associated with still more of his fellow Pilgrims Society members via Calvin Bullock Limited (Hugh Bullock, Order of the British Empire, was president of the U.S. Pilgrims 1955–1996); Kissinger Associates, Richard Nixon and Ronald Reagan. Simon was an extraordinarily dangerous operator who viciously suppressed gold and silver prices. While he scuttled silver prices on the COMEX, his fellow Pilgrims Society member Paul Volcker at the helm of the Federal Reserve System, told banks to not lend for metals speculations, and arranged a booby trapped bailout of the Hunts that led to their being dispossessed of some 59 million silver ounces by 1986. Simon was in no sense a free market proponent, to the contrary of what many deceived individuals believe about him. You've seen the proof---he battled gold and silver prices like an invading Mongol setting fire to a wide swath of villages, and played a prominent role in suppression. He shattered the wealth of many thousands of investors by trashing gold and silver quotes, and later as a corporate raider slit still more throats. He damaged families he never knew; job losses often culminate in auto repossessions, home foreclosures, and divorces. He cavorted across the financial landscape wreaking carnage to pocketbooks like Richard Speck stabbing the eight student nurses in Chicago in 1966. And he had the gall to send his mendacious subordinate to talk trash on December 3, 1976 to the Northwest Mining Association with his garbage blather about gold no longer being money! He was associated with the University of Rochester, which in turn has long connections to Eastman Kodak, Silver Users Association member. As I complete this month's offering I sense due to multiple inputs that the long agonizing wait for gold and silver prices to surge higher, and remained sustained sharply higher, is drawing to a close——in much the same way as the daily setting of the sun on the benighted grave of precious metals price suppressor William E. Simon of The Pilgrims Society. Bear markets don't last like the Grand Canyon, in spite of the concerted rigging of the world's most powerful organization.

A **REALLY** choice detail I didn't notice on Simon in 2010 was **THIS** which informs the reader, "in 1950 he married Carol Ann **Girard**, who came from a well established Philadelphia banking family." Christ Almighty! When I think it can't get any deeper, it does! She could only have come from the family of Stephen Girard (1750–1831), called "one of the five <u>richest</u> men in American history." Girard was a known British collaborator, which is why his shipping interests had much less interference than those of others. Undoubtedly the reason for any interference would be a token one——so he could point to an incident as if to say "See? They're after me also" when it was only for appearances sake. Girard was the main domestic power in the first United States Bank, 1791 to 1811 (US affiliate of the Bank of England) and later became a director of the second US Bank which like a bad dream, sprang into

existence in 1816. "His every movement bread fear; his veriest word could bring ruin to anyone who dared cross his purposes" is how financial historian Gustavus Myers described Girard. Girard had "worldwide trading operations for over half a century; Philadelphia's greatest ship owner and banker." When the first United States Bank was correctly refused renewal of its charter in 1811, Girard opened his own bank in 1812——Girard Bank, which eventually merged into Mellon Bank (Pilgrims Society). Another consequence was that England started the War of 1812 as without the central bank, our economy would be more difficult to control.

5) William Ira Spencer (Pilgrims New York 1980) was a Citicorp/Citigroup executive who <u>belched</u> out this typical Pilgrims Society globalist claptrap in 1972---

"The political boundaries of nation-states are too narrow and constricted to define the scope and sweep of modern business."

In the hypocritically and perversely named 1982 book by Stephen Fay, "Beyond Greed---The Hunt Family's Bold Attempt to Corner the Silver Market" we see on page 228---

"The Hunts had telephoned William Spencer of Citibank and established that the bankers would discuss their cash problem on Sunday."

That was in reference to massive margin calls the highly leveraged Hunts were being pelted with like boulders out of catapults in the wake of the COMEX torpedoes capsizing their silver long play. Just how dare anyone go long silver in any big way, when Pilgrims Society policy is to hold silver low so as to impart the illusion of value to the Federal Reserve currency they hold a monopoly on! Englehard (silver refiners) wanted large sums of cash (page 228) from the Hunts, and these Pilgrims Society megabankers would work out a "bailout loan" for the Hunts, which was superintended by Paul Volcker of the Federal Reserve. Incorporated in the loan documents was a provision for Englehard to be ceded 20% of the oil concessions the Hunts owned in the **Beaufort** Sea (page 230) which consists of some 184,000 square miles directly north of Alaska. On the Englehard board was Pilgrims Society member (as of the 1974 list) Reuben F. Richards who became chairman of Terra Industries agribusiness giant (sold in 2010 for \$4.7 billion), he was on the Engelhard Corporation board, late 70's to early 80's and later became chairman. He was a director of multinational mining giant Minorco in Luxembourg, related to Anglo-American Corporation and De Beers Diamond Mines. His son became chairman of Emcore Corporation, a silver user in solar power and electronics. Englehard is based in Iselin, New Jersey, named after a second tier Pilgrims Society dynasty (Iselin, not Englehard!)

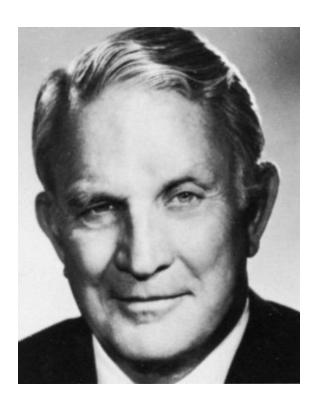


The Wall Street Journal, May 25, 1971, page 28 featured, "Englehard Is Accused In Suit of Attempt To Rig Silver Price." Naturally a major refiner/smelter would be captive for a price suppression instrument! That was hardly the first instance of Englehard being nominated for malfeasance. The June 25, 1962 WSJ, page 10 reported, "Two Silver Mill Firms Indicted In Price Fixing" subtitled "Handy & Harman, Englehard accused of Holding Secret Meeting to Change Prices," these were Silver Users Association members, perhaps the official issuing the indictment was removed, or the "right" Federal judge dismissed the case. Fay's book on the Hunt-Arab versus bankers incident is useful, but it has a noticeable slant to it---very likely because he was first an employee of Lord Astor (Pilgrims Society London) who later became an employee of Lord Thomson of Fleet (Pilgrims Society London) when Astor sold the London Sunday Times and The Times to his "lordly" co-billionaire associate. As an underling he had to tow the line or be <u>sacked</u> (43:33).

Engelhard was due to collect a \$665 million payment from the Hunts for 19MOZ silver bullion (\$35 per ounce) they had contracted to take delivery of on March 31, 1980, which was the Monday after "Silver Thursday," March 27, 1980, when the bottom was again dropped out from under the COMEX silver price. The Hunts were bleeding like a fire hydrant. On March 26, 1980, Bache & Company at 100 Gold Street had started selling Hunt owned physical silver to meet margin calls. We'll have a look at Bache towards the conclusion.

On March 28, 1980, the front page of the New York Times covered the additional enormous waterfall drop in silver prices and how the Hunts were on the ropes, with the bigger implication that if they started defaulting on their obligations in the price crashing silver market, a panic would spread throughout the interconnected banking system——clearinghouse and exchange panics included. My opinion is that hype was intentionally generated in order to pressure the Hunts to accept tricky terms of the so-called bailout loan that Volcker and Preston (we'll soon review him) co-arranged for them. Members of The Pilgrims Society were setting the Hunts up for the bulk of their wealth being stripped away---a similar raid to the one carried out against Howard Hughes, as described and documented in #8 Silver Squelchers, pages 81-89. At the time, 27.6% of Engelhard was owned by Anglo American Corporation (100,000+ employees, multinational mining) which itself had/has holdings in De Beers Diamonds; the Rothschilds figure prominently in AA and De Beers.

William Ira Spencer of Citibank, Pilgrims Society member and key in loan negotiations with the Hunts whom they ended up wrecking, same they wrecked George Westinghouse, Jack Northrop, Howard Hughes and other big rich who made the mistake of being outside The Society's influence circles——



Spencer was a director of United Technologies Corporation; Asia Pacific Capital: Sears Roebuck,

Transportation Association of America; trustee Colorado College; N.Y. University Medical Center.

Some of Spencer's influential Pilgrims associates for 1980 in the "S" section---

Soubry, Emile Edmund Spaidal, Donald R. Spencer, William I. Spofford, The Hon. Charles M.

London born Soubry was with Anglo-American Oil Company and later its parent, Standard Oil Company of New Jersey (now Exxon Mobil). He chaired the Foreign Policy Association (1962–1967) and starting in 1962 was a director of the United Nations Association of

the United States. Naturally since Exxon is global, they favor ending national sovereignties. He was liaison during 1940-1943 between the British Trade Commission and the U.S. Government. Spaidal was an executive of Manufacturers Hanover, one of the banks in the Hunt loan syndication. Spofford was an attorney with the powerhouse Wall Street firm David, Polk & Wardwell and related firms. He was a director of Morgan Guaranty Trust of New York, Mutual Life Insurance and others; trustee, Carnegie Corporation of New York and chaired the Council of Deputies (military coordination) of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (1950–1952). He was a brigadier general in World War II. He was a member of the Order of the British Empire and held decorations from Italy, Iceland, France, Belgium and Tunisia. Closely associated with the Rockefellers, Spofford was a Yale University trustee and of the American University in Beirut and a trustee of the English Speaking Union, set up to make English the world language. His daughter Nancy Yerkes married into the large <u>Yerkes</u> fortune (Chicago-London), <u>described</u> on pages 56-61 of "Silver Suppressors Hiding In The Dark," part one. She was associated with advertising magnate David Ogilvy (Pilgrims Society). Yerkes was the man who successfully blocked his fellow member J.P. Morgan from moving into the London subway system business!

6) Walter Bigelow Wriston (1919–2005, Pilgrims 1969, 1974, 1980 and other years) was CEO of Citibank during the time of the

Hunt/Arab silver play and crash, and had oversight of his megabank's loan syndication in the Hunt "bailout" loan arranged by Pilgrims Society member Paul Volcker---





Walter Wriston, second generation Pilgrims Society member and a lifetime governor of New York Hospital, "was widely regarded as the

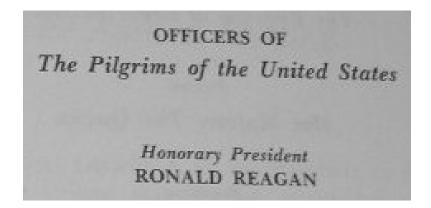
most <u>influential</u> commercial banker of his time," he led Citibank from 1967 to 1984. He authored "The Twilight of <u>Sovereignty</u>" (1992), another typical Pilgrims Society globalist exhortation for a one world mega-government——which his kind would of course control. Page 3555, Who's Who in America, 1978–1979——

WRISTON, WALTER BIGELOW, banker; b. Middletown, Conn., Aug. 3, 1919; s. Henry M. and Ruth (Bigelow) W.; B.A. with distinction, Wesleyan U., Middletown, Conn., 1941; postgrad. Ecole Francaise Middlebury, Vt., 1941, Am. Inst. Banking, 1946; M.A., Fletcher Sch. Internat. Law and Diplomacy, 1942; LL.D., Lawrence Coll., 1962, Tufts U., 1963, Brown U., 1969, Columbia, 1972; D.C.S., Pace U., 1974, St. John's U., 1974; D.H.L., Lafayette Coll., 1975; LL.D., Fordham U., 1977; D.C.S., N.Y. U., 1977; m. Barbara Brengle, Oct. 24, 1942 (dec.); 1 dau., Catherine B.; m. 2d, Kathryn Ann Dineen, Mar. 14, 1968. Officer spl. div. Dept. State, Washington, 1941-42; jr. insp. comptrollers div. Citibank, N.A., 1946-50, asst. cashier, 1950-52, asst. v.p., 1952-54, v.p. 1954-58; sr. v.p. 1958-60, exec. v.p., 1960-67, pres., 1967-70, chmn., 1970—, also dir.; chmn., dir. Citicorp; dir. J.C. Penney Co., Gen. Electric Co., Chubb Corp.;

trustee Rand Corp. Mem. Nat. Commn. on Productivity, 1970-74, Labor-Mgmt. Adv. Com., Nat. Commn. for Indsl. Peace, 1973-74, Adv. Com. on Reform Internat. Monetary System. Bd. govs. N.Y. Hosp.; bd. visitors Fletcher Sch. Law and Diplomacy. Served with AUS, 1942-46. Mem. Council Fgn. Relations, Bus. Council. Club: Links, River, Sky (N.Y.C.); Metropolitan (Washington). Home: 870 UN Plaza New York City NY 10017 Office: 399 Park Ave New York City NY 10022

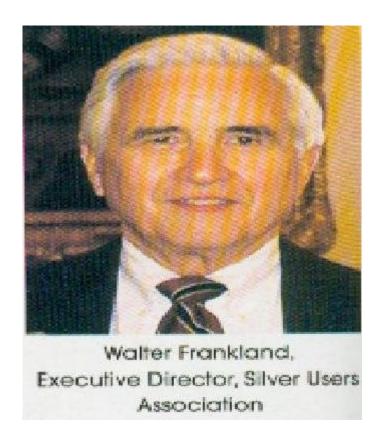
What was Wriston's idea for reforming the world monetary system? More control for the Wall Street/Lombard Street crowd. Wriston's father Henry (Pilgrims Society) was president of Brown University (1937–1955) in the silver users stronghold state, Rhode Island and president of The Pilgrims important subsidiary, the Council on

Foreign Relations (1951–1964) and was appointed to President Eisenhower's hokey Commission on National Goals. The elder Wriston was a governor of the new York Stock Exchange and a trustee of the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace. His rascally son became a trustee of the Carnegie Corporation of New York and a director of other companies such as General Mills; Sequoia Ventures; Fremont Group; York International; Tandem Computers; ICOS Corporation; AEA Investors; Cygnus Therapeutic Systems; Bio–Research Labs; United Meridian Corporation; Mercantile Bank of Canada and Bank of Monrovia, Liberia (West Africa). While Simon as Treasury Secretary bombed gold from \$200 to \$105, Wriston declared gold would see \$35 again. Wriston chaired President Reagan's Economic Policy Advisory Board, 1982–1989––



These New York megabanks have had long relationships with member companies of the Silver Users <u>Association</u>, and naturally during the hair-raising Hunt-Arab silver price run up the SUA spokesman, Walter Frankland, was convulsing like a kid with a peanut allergy! Perhaps Frankland shared a crying towel with perma

bear Jeff Christian. "Beyond Greed" (page 165) mentions Frankland confronting Bunker Hunt at CFTC headquarters on January 7, 1980, bitterly expressing "I hope you realize what you're doing to silver users." Say what? What about what silver users have done to silver miners for generations? What about untold revenues lost to Mexico. Peru and other silver producing countries? What about what silver users did to help sabotage our coinage? What about what silver users did to deny U.S. military enlisted personnel the high tech protection of silver by draining the former defense stockpile for price capping objectives? That was all the work of the silver users and their hidden Pilgrims Society sponsors. Frankland was begging for COMEX position limits in silver before the exchange imposed them, and he stirred up a rumor about the Treasury dumping 40MOZ (page 172 "Beyond Greed"). I never saw anyone as hypocritically jacked up as this mega-gouger, and I don't recall how his image got streaked. It does faintly suggest jail cell bars. Or maybe it's the force field that shields SUA's silver vampirism against mining companies. Merchant's Magazine & Commercial Review, edited by Freeman Hunt, volume 42, year 1860, page 259, mentioned an offer for a prize goat in the amount of the animal's weight in silver; that account reminded me of Smiley Silver Chiseler Walter Freeloader. Over 20 years after the Hunt-Arab silver play was squashed, this silver vulture Frankland was asking the U.S. Government to sell 25MOZ silver to the Silver Users Association--at a gouger's swindle price he offered of \$1.29 per troy ounce! (American Metal Market, July 5, 2002) ---



Tiffany & Company, the scandalously high priced jeweler and Silver Users Association member, took out an ad in the March 26, 1980 New York Times, page 3 that synthesized its own headline---

"UNCONSCIONABLE"

"We think it is unconscionable for anyone to hoard several billion, yes billion, dollars worth of silver and thus drive the price up so high that others must pay artificially high prices for articles made of silver, from baby spoons to tea sets, as well as photographic film and other products."

This was the jewelry concern bought in 1955 by Walter Hoving (Pilgrims Society by 1957). Back in June 19, 1973, Hoving had his

view quoted in the NYT (page 49) that a silver price of \$2.59 an ounce was "crazy;" this SUA company appears to have something like a 40 x spot markup on its sterling items! See "The \$150 Cufflinks" released in July 2005. Hoving's son Thomas married Nancy Melissa Bell, daughter of Pilgrims Society member Elliott V. Bell (Who's Who, 1974–1975, page 213), who was superintendent of banks for New York State and held various other important posts. Some of Wriston's associates in the 1980 Pilgrims roster——

Winslow, John Grenville Winthrop, John Winthrop, Robert Wood, David C. Woodfield, Denis B. Wriston, Walter Bigelow

Y

Yancey, Richard C. Yassukovich, Dimitri Young, The Hon. Philip

Winslow was a Citibank executive and his obituary is exceptional in that it mentions The Pilgrims. He married into another Pilgrims family (see page 62) and was related by marriage to another Pilgrims Society faction (see pages 29–35 of #5 Silver Squelchers). The Winthrops were direct descendants of John Winthrop, four term Governor of Massachusetts Bay Colony (1630–1649). The Winthrops became related by marriage to the Aldriches (Pilgrims Society and

Federal Reserve Act) and also to the Rockefellers (ditto). Robert Winthrop, investment banker, became related to the Higginsons and the Ripleys (Pilgrims Society) and was a Citibank director. Wood was a Wall Street attorney in admiralty law, specializing in disasters at Woodfield was a language translator for U.S. Army and NATO intelligence in Europe and was placed in such Pilgrims Society entities as Chase Manhattan Bank; Pan American Airways; General Electric; Johnson & Johnson; and British Schools and Universities Foundation; he was descended from nobles who signed the Magna Carta with King John of England in AD 1215. Yancey, still on the scene, "is one of Wall Street's most respected financial advisors" and was with Dillon, Read & Company (1952–1992) which was the investment bank run by Treasury Secretary Douglas Dillon (1961-1965) who presided over removal of silver from our coinage. Dillon was on The Pilgrims executive committee for more than 30 years (1969 to 2003). In Yancey's role at Dillon Read, "he was active in providing financing and financial advice to many leading corporations in the United States and overseas." Dimitri came from Russia and became an investment banker in White, Weld & Company and a consultant to the World Bank who, like so many members, had a residence in Hobe Sound, Florida, near Jupiter Island. His granddaughter married Charles Stewart Dubow, who as of December 1989 was administrative assistant to Congressman John Miller from Seattle, Washington, on Capitol Hill. We read---

"The bridegroom is a descendant of John C. Breckinridge, who was Vice President in the Administration of President James Buchanan, later a general in the Confederate Army and the Confederacy's Secretary for War. Mr. Dubow is a great-great- grandson of B. F. Goodrich, founder of the Goodrich rubber company in Akron, Ohio."

These marriages unite so much money all the time! As for her father, son of Pilgrims member Dimitri Yassukovich, we read---

"Her father is the chairman of the British Securities Association and the deputy chairman of the London Stock Exchange."

That was in late 1989, and he may easily have become a member of The Pilgrims in London. Philip Young was Ambassador to the Netherlands and after graduating from the Choate School (many Pilgrims members attended Choate) he went to the Securities Exchange Commission then the Treasury Department, then was dean of Columbia University Business School. He was with Eisenhower's White House Staff before becoming Ambassador to the Netherlands in 1957. His second marriage (don't chuckle) was to a Britisher, Lady Fairey on Valentine's Day in 1964 (Who's Who, 1980–1981, page 3620). Do you get the picture? The Pilgrims influence network concentrates boggling influence into the hands of several hundred men, and the public never hears about the organization.

7) The leadership of J.P. Morgan & Company and its bank subsidiary, Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York at 23 Wall Street (JP didn't merge with Chase Manhattan Bank till September 2000, becoming the present monster colossus J.P. Morgan Chase Bank). We can start with Walter Hines Page, top executive and board member of the Morgan bank which was a central player in the silver "bailout" loan to the Hunts in spring 1980, after these Worthy Gentlemen pounced on their silver play and made it collapse into a

pancake. Page's father Arthur, apparently not a member, was vice president of A.T. & T. His grandfather Walter (1855-1918) was a member and was ambassador to England (1913-1918), helped to drag us into World War One, and had business interests in Doubleday, Page & Company, a large book publisher and was a founder of North Carolina State University. Walter H. Page (1915-1999) became chairman of J.P. Morgan & Company in 1978 and remained on the board till 1985. He was a director of Big Pharma member Merck & Company; Kennecott Copper and Braden Copper (silver byproduct producers); American Air Liquide; Cold Spring Harbor Lab; Pepperell Manufacturing; president, Long Island Biological Association. He married "Jane Nichols, the granddaughter of J. Pierpont Morgan Jr. in 1942" and "was one of the last bank executives to have worked under John Pierpont Morgan Jr. He played a key role in shaping the company's international strategy." Naturally Morgan Jr. was a second generation Pilgrims member; his brother in law Herbert Satterlee was a member; his son Henry was a member, et cetera! The article stated---

"In the 1970's, Mr. Page helped create the plan that led to the formation of the <u>Saudi International Bank</u>. The relationship between Morgan and the <u>Saudi central bank</u> was considered a great coup for the Morgan firm."



SIB merged with Gulf International Bank, now 5.3% owned by JPM. Page 95 of "Beyond Greed" mentions that the Saudi/Arab wealth who joined the Hunt silver play were "maharajas" whereas the more "modern" Saudis were in the "Rockefeller" class of Saudis--meaning that the western bankers had enough influence in Saudi circles to help bring their partners down over there. Page 91 mentioned a wealthy Saudi, Sheikh Suleiman S. Olayan. He wasn't part of the Hunt silver foray but he was a "Rockefeller" class Saudi and as we saw in the first section of the scan on William Simon, was involved with that Pilgrims society member in 1980–1982. In fact, Olayan later appeared as a trustee of the Rockefeller University Council. In 1989 Olayan was on the advisory board to the Center for Strategic & International Studies in D.C. Silver antagonist Paul Volcker, Pilgrims Society, who was with Rockefeller's Chase Manhattan Bank before going to the FED, chaired the CSIS advisory council.

Leading names from the Arab side of the silver play who became Hunt allies include Gaith R. Pharaon, Sheik Khalid bin Mahfouz, Ali Bin Mussalam, Mahmoud Fustock and Mohammed Aboud Al-Amoudi. On July 15, 1979 they in partnership with the Hunts Profit Investment Company set up IMIC, International Metals Investment Company in Bermuda, an offshore tax haven. By October 1979, the Arabs had silver claims to 65MOZ while the Hunts represented 127MOZ. In August 1988, in the infamous Southern District of Federal Courts in Manhattan, the Hunts and certain of their partners---Amoudi, Fustock and Mussalam and the IMIC entity were found guilty of market manipulation, but only because they dared place their aspirations in silver——cursed by The Pilgrims Society! Naji Nahas, a Lebanese businessman who relocated to Brazil also got burned by daring to be long silver. The limitlessly hypocritical story title in the August 21, 1988 New York Times was "Hunts Are" Ruled Part of a Scheme to Control Silver," naturally the Silver Users Association drew no attention, and The Pilgrims organization? The news people would have cut their own hands off before typing a single keystroke about their continual short pressure against silver. "Beyond Greed," page 282 suggested that Mahfouz had taken a \$600 million hit. The 1994 Who's Who in America, page 2011 has this outrageous profile for the Federal judge who presided over the anti-Hunt jury---

LASKER, MORRIS E., federal judge; Judge, U.S. Dist. Ct. (so. dist.) N.Y., N.Y.C. Office: US Dist Ct US Courthouse Foley Sq New York NY 10007-1501

A secretive miscreant Lasker was, huh? He wasn't in The Pilgrims 1980 roster, but he ("croaked" in 2009) was a Harvard graduate appointed by President Johnson, who helped eliminate silver from our coinage. LBJ was in The Pilgrims 1969 roster with Eisenhower, during whose administration Treasury supply of silver to the Silver Users Association was increased——

HON. PRESIDENTS LYNDON B. JOHNSON DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER

Also in this same Southern District in Manhattan, Judge Robert Patterson in December 2012 dismissed the silver lawsuit against JPM. Patterson's poppa was a director of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York in the 1940s, and Patterson was on the Rockefeller University Council, for details see here (document should read "January 2013"). Silver has been the target of a multi-generational price attack and man, did they ever get the bases covered.

"RUMOR HAS IT THAT SOME WEALTHY SAUDI ARABIANS ARE PRESSURING THE STATE DEPARTMENT

TO USE ITS INFLUENCE TO HAVE FREE TRADING RESTORED IN THE COMEX SILVER MARKET."

--Wall Street Journal, February 4, 1980, page 34, was an open admission that the big banks and the government regulators were not allowing a freely traded market! The Saudis who were long

silver were squelched by the "Rockefeller" Saudis and by Pilgrims Society control in the U.S. Government. Between April 2, 1980 and April 30, the Hunts lost possession of at least 95MOZ silver due to these hard biting hyenas attacking their flanks ("Beyond Greed," page 232). IMIC, International Metals Investment Company, the Hunt-Arab joint venture, owed megamillions to Merrill Lynch (Pilgrims Society).

Mark A. Cymrot is the lawyer who went after the Hunts in regard to losses sustained by his client, Minpeco, Mineral Company of Peru---he got a \$197 million judgment against the Hunts. Cymrot was with the Justice Department in 1973 under Navaho language speaker Richard Kleindienst (Pilgrims Society 1974 roster) who was the Attorney General. When Kleindienst left, Cymrot worked under the incoming Attorney General, Elliott Richardson (Pilgrims Society). The law firm Cymrot is with has among its major clients, silver suppressor Morgan Stanley (Pilgrims Society). Also suing the Hunts was the **Debevoise** & Plimpton law firm from Wall Street---both D & P names are in The Pilgrims rosters; Standish Forde Medina Jr. of D & P was their rep against the Hunts---his father (page 1541, 1970-1971 Who's Who) was a Pilgrims Society member, Judge Harold R. Medina, who exonerated major Wall Street investment banks of collusion in a landmark 1953 case! See about Judge Medina on page 48 of #9 Silver Squelchers! "Standish" strongly suggests ancestry to the early colonial settlements and their leading

descendants today seem to be British loyalists. Andrew C. Hartzell Jr. (Yale 1953) was another D & P attorney in the action——Hartzell is a fairly rare name, ranking #5,039 in surnames——The Pilgrims 1980 roster shows the name Harry E. Hartzell, who was an official of Hercules Incorporated of Wilmington, Delaware——a spinoff from Du Pont (Silver Users Association/Pilgrims Society). Were Andrew and Harry related? If the trail is traced I think the answer will be "yes."

Kissinger, The Hon. Henry A. (Secretary of State)
Kleindienst, The Hon.
Richard G.
Knight, Robert Huntington

We had a look at Robert H. Knight earlier and oh God---Kissinger! The consummate globalist would have to be in The Pilgrims Society---and he still is!

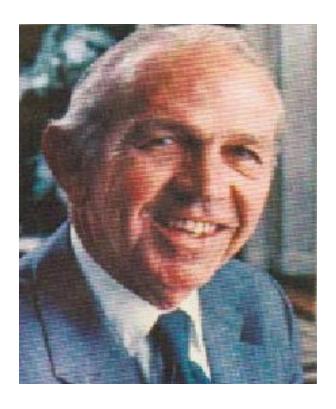
Two of the top J.P. Morgan officials at the time of the Hunt silver crash, Lewis T. Preston Jr. (left) and Walter Hines Page---both Pilgrims Society members---

Preston we'll review after another Morgan official (#8 below this image) ---



(Location---23 Wall Street)

8) Ellmore Clark Patterson, chairman of the executive committee of J.P. Morgan & Company (1913–2004; Pilgrims 1969, 1974, 1980) was another member who never disclosed this in any Who's Who volume; most do not (over 88%) ---



New York Magazine, January 10, 1977, page 37 <u>boasted</u>, "Patterson heads the class bank of the world."

The 1978–1979 Who's Who in America, page 2512, has this on Patterson---

PATTERSON, ELLMORE CLARK, banker; b. Western Springs, Ill., Nov. 29, 1913; s. Ellmore Clark and Harriet Emma (Wales) P.; grad. Lake Forest Acad., 1931; B.S., U. Chgo., 1935; m. Anne Hyde Choate, Sept. 28, 1940; children-Michael Ellmore, Arthur Choate, Robert Ellmore, David Choate, Thomas Hyde Choate, With J. P. Morgan & Co., Inc., N.Y.C., 1935-39, 39-41, 46-59, v.p., 1951-59; exec. v.p. Morgan Guaranty Trust Co. N.Y. (merger J.P. Morgan and Guaranty Trust Co.), 1959-65, dir., chmn. exec. com., 1967-68, pres., 1969-71, chmn., 1971-; with Morgan Stanley & Co., 1939; dir. Gen. Motors Corp., Bethlehem Steel Corp., Can. Life Assurance Co., A.T. & S.F. Ry., Standard Brands, Inc., Schlumberger, Ltd. Mem. Presdl. Commn. on Financial Structure and Regulation, 1970-72. Bd. mgrs. Meml. Hosp. Cancer and Allied Diseases, N.Y.C.; trustee Alfred P. Sloan Found., Sloan-Kettering Inst. Cancer Center, N.Y.C.; trustee U. Chgo., Mass. Inst. Tech. Served from ensign to lt. comdr., USNR, 1941-46. Mem. Council Fgn. Relations, Assn. Res. City Bankers, Psi Upsilon. Episcopalian. Clubs: Cotton Bay; Links, Bond (N.Y.C.); Chicago; Bedford (N.Y.) Golf and Tennis; Fishers Island Country; Links Golf; Augusta Nat. Golf. Home: Hook Rd Bedford Village NY 10506 Office: 23 Wall St New York City NY 10015

Patterson's father in law, Arthur Osgood Choate, was the nephew of Joseph Hodges Choate, ambassador to England (1899–1905), an organizer of The Pilgrims Society and one of the Vanderbilt family's top two attorneys along with Chauncey Mitchell Depew as described in #2 Silver Squelchers, pages 73–78. In times past, the Rockefeller and Morgan interests—both Pilgrims Society factions—were seen as hot competitors to each other, yet here we see Patterson the top official of J.P. Morgan & Company, as a trustee of the Rockefeller controlled University of Chicago. The Association of Reserve City Bankers is a pirate organization of bankers in cities in which the Federal Reserve System has branches. Like most Pilgrims Society members in the U.S. branch, the buccaneering Patterson was an Episcopalian, otherwise known as Anglican, or Church of England,

the religious system commandeered by King Henry VIII when he asserted Royal supremacy in England over audacious (and presumptuous) Papal interference.

The Chicago Tribune, December 2, 1970, section 2 page 3, reported that Ellmore Patterson was in Mexico City for the inauguration of President Luis Echeverria along with a rep from the Rothschild Bank in London. Naturally they'd be interested in having input into the office of the President of Mexico, considering Mexico's critical role in the world silver supply picture. With Patterson was Secretary of State William P. Rogers (Pilgrims Society). In "The House of Morgan: An American Banking Dynasty and the Rise of Modern Finance" by Ron Chernow (2010) the feature for searching inside the book returns "0" results for "Pilgrims," naturally as he's another hired cover up artist.

Commodities magazine, March 1980, page 36, referred to Texas silver trader Scott Dial, who knew the Hunt brothers. Dial believed that Rothschild Bank forced the liquidation of 80 million silver ounces held in 1973–1974 by Michele Sindona, a Mafia figure linked to Banco Ambrosiano ——

"Unloading this silver helped precipitate the big drop in silver prices then."

Sindona <u>died</u> in prison in 1986 from a cup of coffee containing cyanide.

Sindona ran <u>Franklin</u> National Bank which collapsed in 1974; its assets were purchased by European-American Bank, headed by

Harry E. Ekblom (Pilgrims Society). That bank, representing a big European consortium, was later in on the Hunt bailout loan syndication (Associated Press, June 25, 1986).

Edmund F. Martin, Pilgrims Society, chaired Bethlehem Steel, of which Patterson was a board member; Martin was a J.P. Morgan & Company board member. Harold Holmes Helm, chairman of the admissions committee of The Pilgrims Society, was a Bethlehem Steel director, as well as a director of Chemical Bank, an alleged competitor of J.P. Morgan & Company. Both these banks were merged, with several others, into the present silver suppressing J.P. Morgan Chase colossus. John Anton Mayer, Pilgrims Society, chairman of Mellon Bank, was a General Motors director at this time, plus John T. Connor, who we reviewed in #8 Silver Squelchers.

Patterson was on the Presidential Commission on Financial Structure and Regulation, appointed by gold and silver antagonist Richard Milhous Nixon (Pilgrims Society). In no reference to the Watergate affair and Nixon's later resignation has any trace reference been found mentioning The Pilgrims Society, another absolute proof the media is controlled to massage the public mind any way the Money Power wants it massaged! Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT) of which Patterson was a trustee, has been a true bonanza gold mine for The Pilgrims Society, due to patents generated by funded technology research. The Nixon era Cost of Living Council openly imposed a \$1.61 an ounce price cap on domestically mined

silver! That detail isn't referenced remotely as often as his August 1971 closing of the gold conversion for dollars held by foreigners window at the Treasury.

Some details on Patterson don't appear in this scan. In 1977 to 1979 he was a director of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. Additionally he was a member of the Federal Advisory Council to the Federal Reserve System, in which role I have to think he looked after Vanderbilt family ownership in the central bank! He also was a director of Atlantic Richfield Petroleum; Nabisco; American National Fire Insurance; Warner Patterson Company; Great American Insurance; INCO, International Nickel Company of Canada; and Southern Pacific Railroad (1865–1996) which in 1996 merged into Union Pacific, a Harriman (Pilgrims Society) and Rockefeller (Pilgrims Society) interest. He was a trustee of North Westchester Hospital and the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace (warmongering). He was as of the 1974 Who's Who, a member of the New York State Banking Board, which was so neat! He could "regulate" himself and the activities of his fellow Pilgrims Society members running all the big New York commercial and investment banks!

Notice that Patterson was a director of Canada Life Assurance Company; Allan Hazlett Lemmon was chairman of that insurance giant, and also chairman of J.P. Morgan Canada; Lemmon was chairman of the investment committee of Queens University (Who's who in America, 1978–1979, page 1930). In 1975, with Pilgrims Society kingpin David Rockefeller and Pilgrims Society member Walter Wriston of Citicorp, Patterson founded the Financial Community Liaison Group to "help" with New York City municipal finances. Patterson's father was involved with magazines, advertising, cameras and automobile lights and one morning "found 400 checks in his mail." Michael Ellmore Patterson, son of this J.P. Morgan official, was also with Morgan (1987-2009) and is or was a partner in Debevoise & Plimpton, a major Pilgrims Society law firm---he may easily be a member. Michael is a director of the Hastings Center for Bioethics; a trustee of the French-American Foundation: and a director of The Trust for Public Land, which considering the nature of the Pilgrims Society, reads like a damn shady enterprise!

The 1994 Who's Who in America, page 2655, showed Patterson a director of Commercial Union Corporation and Engelhard Hanovia Incorporated. Some members with him in the leaked 1980 New York Pilgrims roster——

Parsons, H.E. Sir Anthony,
K.C.M.G., M.V.O., M.C.
(Permanent Representative of
the United Kingdom to the
United Nations)
Parsons, Jr., Marselis C.
Partington, James H.M.
Patterson, Ellmore C.

The New York Railroad Club document dated 1916 shows a James Partington; this one was born in England. Certain of those listed are very tough to develop info on. His widow, a member of the Trowbridge family (yet another matter) was named one of ten most influential women by a university source in 2000. Parsons "worked on Wall Street, then for U.S. Senator Royal Copeland of New York before entering the U.S. Foreign Service in 1935. He served in Washington and several foreign posts, retiring from Copenhagen." He was also in Naples, Oslo and Johannesburg and undoubtedly was only an outer circle member. Parsons was expert in Arabic, Turkish and Persian languages due to the multiple diplomatic posts he held while looking after the banking and business interests of other Pilgrims members, especially those of the London branch.

9) Lewis T. Preston Jr. president at that time of J.P. Morgan & Company was in The Pilgrims roster as of 1974. An information gap back to the 1969 list prevents identification before 1974. Several dozen key people at any time are on The Pilgrims "waiting list" for admission, and can be relied on the same as members to carry out

anti-precious metals and other damaging agendas. Preston married Gladys Pulitzer of the Pulitzer publishing fortune and the Pulitzer Prizes, given to reporters who best serve the Money Power. Preston became <u>chairman</u> of J.P. Morgan & Company in 1980---

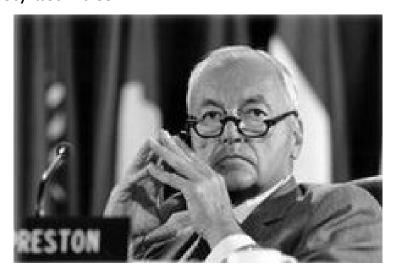
"Having risen to chairman, he worked in the 1980's behind the scenes in helping to resolve some major financial problems. Among these was the effort by Nelson Bunker Hunt and William Herbert Hunt to corner the silver market by buying the metal in huge quantities. Their action caused silver's price to soar on world markets, but when the price collapsed in March 1980, it cost the Hunts well over \$1 billion. The events shook the foundations of a number of leading financial institutions. In the aftermath of the collapse, Mr. Preston led the institutions in putting together the bailout, preventing more serious consequences for the international banking system. Mr. Preston also was involved in the bailout of the Continental Illinois Corporation and the reduction of developing country debts."

If a bailout is arranged for Pilgrims Society interests like Citigroup, it ends up benefitting them. If however a bailout is arranged for non–Pilgrims Society interests, it culminates in those interests being attired in barrel and suspenders. This thing is a phalanx splitting apart the finances of wealthy people who aren't allied with its purposes. It functions in near absolute secrecy as it holds solid working control over information media. No wonder we see calls for Internet content to be "regulated!" Do Pilgrims Society members toss at night worrying over the possibility of highway billboards identifying their organization?

Preston's <u>grandfather</u> became a Standard Oil partner after the Civil War. Preston was lauded similarly to Wriston by being called "the

pre-eminent international banker of his era." He was a trustee of New York University, a director of General Electric, and a member of the Association of Reserve City Bankers---located in cities where Federal Reserve branch banks are present as metastasized monetary cancers.

Preston became president of the World Bank in 1991 and by 1994 he had \$120 billion in annual global influence to play with in his Pilgrims Society activities——





Other members in the "P" listings in 1980---

Pratt, Jr., Edmund T. Preston, Lewis T. Prince, Frederick H.

Pratt was chairman of the huge Pfizer Pharmaceutical empire; director of General Motors; International Paper; and Chase Manhattan Bank——another creditor of the Hunts in the sardonically named "bailout" loan they got saddled with. Pratt was a Duke University trustee. Prince——you figure it out——perhaps some "Twilight Zone" going on! According to Wikipedia, there was a Frederick Prince (1859–1953) and his son Frederick Jr. died in 1962 while his only other son Norman, who died without heirs, was killed in 1916 in a plane crash in France. We read——

"Frederick Prince made a fortune through his investments in a number of business ventures. Seeing the potential for the stockyard business, during the first decade of the 20th Century, he began buying up small companies, merging them into the giant Union Stockyards and Transit Company, of which he was chairman. A significant and integral part of the food and tobacco sector, to ensure control over delivery service to his stockyards, Prince's company acquired outright or held a controlling interest in the Marquette Railway and the Chicago Junction Railway, which gave his stockyard operations hundreds of miles of rail lines and close to 1,000,000 acres (400,000 ha) of land. In the early 1920s, Prince acquired Armour & Company, one of the country's major slaughterhouses and meatpacking operations."

In 1933 Prince (his <u>father</u> was twice mayor of Boston) formulated a proposed national railroad reorganization or reform plan, which failed as it would have cost tens of thousands of jobs. Next we read——

"This experience led him to also propose sweeping changes in the United States Constitution, to make the President more independent."

Of course——let the President become a dictator, because Pilgrims Society members like Prince will control his actions to eliminate their competitors and create a feudalistic dictatorship as in merry old England——lessons from his "Pilgrim Partners" over in London! These are the sort of blokes the assassins of the Hunt silver play were in deep cover with. The Stephen Fays of the world will never have a thing to say about it as they deal in cover—up for their bosses. Frederick Octavius Prince was a member of the Whig Party (favored a central bank) till that party dissolved in 1860. The Frederick H. Prince of the 1980 Pilgrims list may have descended from another son of F.O. Prince, who had five sons. Chicago tycoon Frederick H. Prince organized the American Woolen Company, absorbing the 30 largest wool manufacturers with a \$50 million capitalization in 1900.

I had to carefully "weed" through Stephen Fay's hatchet job on the Hunts due to the bias his Pilgrims Society bosses had against silver. As only four for instances, on page 37 he lied (or was misinformed) by saying "By the late 1920s demand for silver slumped so badly"

no; it wasn't that demand had slumped that was causing the price crash, it was British India under direction of Pilgrims Society members dumping huge quantities of silver on world markets, that caused the price to crash. This I have painstakingly documented from multiple sources, including Senate sources——in http://silverstealers.net/tss.html (scroll down to image of Sir Henry Strakosch and read). Demand for a product doesn't slump because there is an oversupply---witness the current gasoline glut--inducing people to drive more. Hacks like Stephen Fay often sound like they don't understand what impels people's actions in an economy. The second example was (page 285) that in 1967, Bunker Hunt was the world's richest man---the old rich continue their program of alleging the new rich are wealthier! The third example (page 278) is that he called the 1944 Bretton Woods Conference attendees "skillful men who admired stability," what a bogus farce! The fourth example to cite (page 241) is that Fay mentions that on October 3, 1979, the COMEX governing board created a "Special Silver Committee" which to douse charges of self interest actions on the part of COMEX management was to consist of COMEX governing board members "who had no interest in the silver market, and as chairman it appointed its most disinterested member of all, Dr. Andrew Brimmer." Disinterested here we are supposed to swallow means "not biased in favor of either shorts or longs." But saying Brimmer was disinterested is like saying Hugh Hefner was never interested in Playboy bunnies.

What a piece of work this Stephen Fay put out! As of 1966 Brimmer was a member of the board of governors of the Federal Reserve System——an organization unsurpassed in its hatred towards rising silver prices. According to the 1978–1979 Who's Who in America, page 403, Brimmer as of then was a director of Bank of America; American Security & Trust; International Harvester; United Airlines; and Du Pont---one of the pillars of the Silver Users Association, another passionate aficionado of stuffed in a hole silver prices. It's tough to buy that Fay didn't know about Brimmer being on the Du Pont board, or that it's a Silver Users Association ringleader. Brimmer, never a Pilgrims member so far as I've seen, was a member of two Pilgrims subsidiaries (both founded and managed by members) --- the Council on Foreign Relations and the Trilateral Commission. No horsefly was more interested in an open wound than the "disinterested" Brimmer was interested in suppressing silver. Page 140 had Fay calling William Simon and Brimmer "two custodians of the public interest on the (COMEX) board," that too is as reasonable as expecting wild eyed monsters in a cell block to act like choir boys! "Andrew Brimmer was no Trojan Horse" Fay asserted on page 141. That's exactly what he was; a Pilgrims Society flunky. As the Klingon said in "Day of the Dove" episode (11:55) of the original "Star Trek" ---

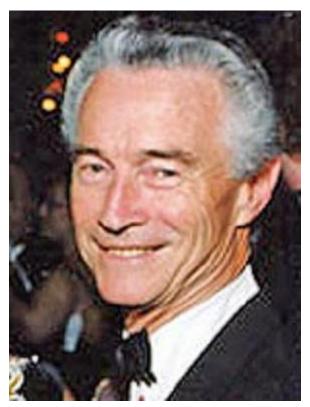
"Four thousand throats may be cut in one night by a running man!"

Silver market short apologist Stephen Fay, cover up <u>artist</u> for The Pilgrims Society---



10) Dennis Weatherstone, Pilgrims Society, was chairman of the executive committee of J.P. Morgan & Company when in May 1980 it coordinated a syndicate of banks for a \$1.1 billion loan to Placid Oil, a Hunt entity with North Sea oil, related to the January to March 1980 silver crash engineered by these same worthy gentlemen on the short side. By 1986 the Hunts were broken out of up to 63MOZ physical silver due to implications of that loan. The Hunts lost Kentucky racehorses, rare coins, artworks, collectibles, expensive cars and watches, and coal areas in North Dakota. The Los Angeles Times, July 19, 1990 reported Hunt possessions including linens, drapes, a popcorn popper and tissue dispensers being auctioned to satisfy creditors. In 1990 Weatherstone was knighted by Queen Elizabeth II, Royal Patron of The Pilgrims Society. From 1995 to 2001 the harmless looking but phenomenally dangerous Sir Dennis was on the Board of Banking Supervision of the gold price

depressing Bank of England; the BOE was also having fits over the temporarily high gold price, having earlier repudiated the gold standard in September 1931---



J.P.Morgan

Robert V. Lindsay (Pilgrims 1980) was the official at Morgan (37 year career with Morgan) who was succeeded by Weatherstone. Lindsay was a director at that time of St. Joe Minerals, which at that time was the country's biggest producer of lead and zinc——and had significant silver byproduct, presumably for price suppression as we've long heard the old senseless refrain, "polymetallic miners don't care what price they get for their silver byproduct credits,"

which should be taken as nonsense in any normal environment. Lindsay's brother was Mayor of New York (1966–1973) and was a Congressman when H.R. 8926 was passed (Coinage Act of 1965 ending 90% silver coinage), Lindsay was absent from the floor, but how would he have voted had he been present? The answer is a sure thing. Weatherstone was on large boards such as General Motors and Merck & Company. Some other members in the "W" section of the 1980 roster—

Watson, Jr., Thomas J., M.F. Watts, Jr., Edward Everett Wearly, William L., C.B.E. Weatherstone, Dennis Webster, Bethuel M.

Watson of IBM, second generation member, was <u>called</u> "the greatest capitalist in history" by Fortune Magazine, August 31, 1987. He was a director of Pan American Airways, Time Incorporated and Bankers Trust and Ambassador to the Soviet Union in 1979 when they invaded Afghanistan. Watts was an attorney who headed the International Film Foundation at 666 Fifth Avenue in New York; his sister was <u>related</u> to other members. Wearly was chairman of Ingersoll–Rand, a large supplier of machinery to the international mining industry and previously, president of Joy Manufacturing, a mid tier <u>firm</u> in the mining equipment field. He was a director of American Cyanamid Company; Babcock & Wilcox; Bank of New York and ASARCO, American Smelting & Refining Company, which also would have seen "silver activity" in those days. Cyanamid, a chemical mega-conglomerate that had over 100,000 employees, was a major asbestos <u>offender</u> (mesothelioma). Wearly was a

member of the British North American Committee, odd for someone born in Warren, Indiana to be so concerned with British intentions to retake the continent; not odd when known as a member of The Pilgrims Society. Webster was a high powered lawyer who started as a U.S. attorney in the infamous Southern District in Manhattan who later "helped shape radio <u>rules</u>" and who among numerous diplomatic and business posts was a Ford Foundation trustee (1961–1970); president, Association of the Bar of the City of New York; president, Harvard Law School Association of New York City; director, American Arbitration Association; member, Permanent Court of Arbitration at The Hague, Netherlands. While at first glance giving a brief rundown on other members who weren't involved in the Hunt-Arab takedown may appear extraneous detail, the value is to get a sense of the type of operators those who were involved in the Hunt crash associated with out of public view in this distressingly amazing influence network that so profoundly affects our lives unknown to the vast public.

11) William Sterling Ogden (1927–1997, Pilgrims New York 1980 roster) was a board member of Chase Manhattan Bank and also the chief financial officer and had purview over the Chase portion of the Hunt syndication "bailout" loan. These Pilgrims Society banks initially stood to collect \$635,000 PER DAY in interest (page 241 "Beyond Greed"). Ogden as of the 1979 Who's who in America, page 2438 was a director of GAF Corporation; Private Export Funding Corporation; Overseas Development Council; National Foreign Trade Council and a trustee of the National Planning Association. GAF was once known as General Aniline & Film (photography, silver user) but shifted business to become the <u>largest</u> manufacturer of roofing

materials. In 1984 Ogden was <u>credited</u> with saving Continental Illinois National Bank & Trust from insolvency. He founded Inter–Atlantic Capital Partners in 1992. He was a founder in 1984 of the Institute of International Finance and was a director of the Council of the Americas. The COA is the twin organization to The Americas Society, <u>founded</u> by Pilgrims Society member David Rockefeller, long time gold price antagonist. Bear in mind the attack against the Hunt–Arab silver play was also an attack against the gold price! The Institute of International Finance today has almost <u>500</u> member banks from 70 countries. Its chairman, Douglas J. Flint, also chairman of precious metals antagonist HSBC, is almost 100% certain to be a member of The Pilgrims London. Flint is a Commander of the British Empire (CBE).



12) Donald C. Platten, chairman of Chemical Bank New York during the time of the Hunt syndication "bailout" loan that six years later culminated in the Hunts being dispossessed of the larger part of their fortune, was in The Pilgrims 1980 roster. His daughter Allison married Alfred G. Vanderbilt Jr. (1978–1979 Who's Who in America, page 2585). Allegedly the Vanderbilts have long since exited the sphere of vast wealth; I am convinced this notion is a misdirection to con the public. Platten was a director of CPC International; Thomson Newspapers (employer of Stephen Fay); Associated Dry

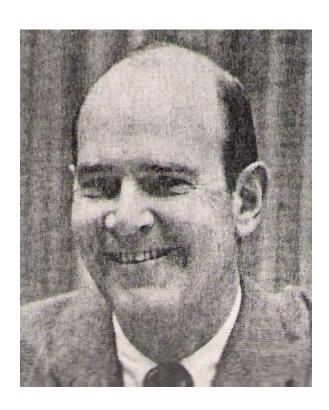
Goods; Consolidated Edison Company of New York; Goodwill Industries New York; Economic Development Council of New York; United Fund of Greater New York; National Foreign Trade Council; trustee of——Spencer Foundation; Dana Foundation; American University in Beirut; United Student Aid Funds; Princeton University. Member of anti–silver Economic Club of New York. From The Pilgrims New York 1980 roster showing some other members in the "P" listings——

Piercy, George T. Pierpont, Powell Pifer, Alan Place, John B.M. Platten, Donald C.

Piercy was a director of Exxon and was "responsible for many negotiations with OPEC" and was a Chemical Bank director when the Hunts had their begging cups extended towards these Worthy Gentlemen. Piercy was a trustee of the Educational Broadcasting Foundation; executive committee of PBS, Public Broadcasting System; director, Near East Foundation; trustee, University of Minnesota Foundation; residence——870 United Nations Plaza, New York (Who's Who, 1979, page 2574). Pierpont, with his eyebrow raising name and Yale 1948, was an attorney based at 1 Wall Street (ibid). Pifer was president of the Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching (delete mention of silver from textbooks, promote psychiatry, vaccines, state control over children, promote globalism) and a director of textbook publisher McGraw-Hill.

Among many other positions, he was a Harvard University overseer (page 2575, 1979). Place, a second generation member, was with Chase Manhattan Bank but at the time the Hunts were shot down, was a Chemical Bank director. Other posts he held at the time or later include chairman of Anaconda Copper (sliver byproduct); director, Crocker National Bank; director, American Mining Congress; director, Copper Development Association and Lever Brothers. He took over the helm at Anaconda succeeding Pilgrims Society member Charles M. Brinckerhoff.

13) Alfred Brittain III was chairman of Bankers Trust New York at this time, which was also a megabank participant in the syndication loan which some sources say was ramrodded by Paul Volcker (Pilgrims) while other sources say Lewis Preston (Pilgrims). Brittain became a Pilgrims member by 1969 or earlier ---



& Bankers Trust

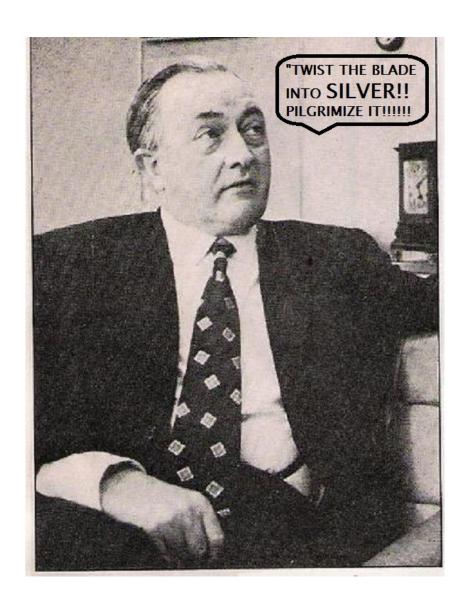
Brittain was a director of Philip Morris Companies, headed by Pilgrims Society member Joseph F. Cullman 3rd, who was also a Bankers Trust director. Brittain was a director of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York (1982–1985), emphatically an antiprecious metals price antagonistic entity. He was a trustee of the warmongering Carnegie Endowment for International Peace, which used to underwrite the expenses of the Bilderberg Conferences.

14) Sir Anthony Favill Tuke, Pilgrims Society of Great Britain at least by 1969, chaired Barclays Bank 1973–1981 and made it more profitable than any other bank in the world. It was involved in loans through Bache connected to silver collateral put up by the Hunts. Tuke then joined RTZ as chairman (1981–1985), a huge polymetallic mining multinational and remained a Barclay's director into 1990. His father and grandfather were also chairmen of Barclay's and according to this——

"He was also chairman of MCC. Tuke was an internationalist who saw his role as that of roving ambassador——148 airports visited in six years. Overseas it was a period of broad expansion, particularly in Asia and America but also in places as far afield as Moscow and Fiji. The number of countries in which Barclay's operated doubled during his chairmanship to more than 80."

His father, Anthony William Tuke, was in the 1957 Pilgrims London roster. Their family fortune started in the West African cocoa business. England by not being part of continental Europe, naturally became the power center of Europe centuries ago. Much of the basis for this fact is that by being surrounded by the sea it was the only country protected from land invasion routes——many powerful Europeans migrated to "Britannia" and marriages between British and continental nobility cemented England's spot as number one, a matter of occasional resentment on the part of the French especially, who like Spain lost out to England in centuries of foreign colonial efforts and were beaten at Waterloo, Belgium in 1815.

Tuke was a director of Royal Insurance and a trustee of Westminster Abbey, Winston Churchill Memorial Trust and he presided over the 1977 International Monetary Conference in Tokyo---



Barclays mentions their history traces back to 1690.

Barclay's Bank International emblem features six sets of six (666)



This source stated---

"After the war, Tuke joined Barclay's which, despite its size, was virtually a family firm."

Sir David <u>Walker</u>, current chairman of Barclay's with 139,600 <u>employees</u>, was an official of both the International Monetary Fund and the Bank of England and previously chaired Morgan Stanley

International. All four of these entities are prominent gold and silver price suppressors. He is a member of The Pilgrims Society of Great Britain and during 1985 to 1988 he chaired Johnson Matthey Bankers (silver suppressors). Barclays holds very large interests in other silver and gold suppressors, such is the interconnected nature of The Pilgrims spiderweb. Another current Barclay's director is Reuben Jeffrey III, who was chairman (2005–2007) of the absolutely notorious Commodity Futures Trading Commission---the CFTC--which makes silver price suppression possible. Jeffrey, almost certainly a Pilgrims Society member, connects the fortunes represented in Barclays——the Tukes (Pilgrims Society) and Bevans (Pilgrims Society) with both the Rockefellers (Pilgrims Society, silver suppressors) and the Rothschilds (Pilgrims Society, silver suppressors). Jeffrey is a <u>director</u> of Rockefeller Financial, Rockefeller & Company and is an advisor to Rothschild Capital Management. He was with Goldman Sachs for 18 years and was a member of the Prseident's National Security Council. Jeffrey started his career with Davis, Polk & Wardwell (Pilgrims Society connected law firm). A few other members in the "T" section of the 1980 Pilgrims London roster---

> Tuke, Sir Anthony Favill Turner, Sir Mark Ulmer Jr., Alfred G.

Sir Mark <u>Turner</u> was chairman of multinational mining colossus RTZ (Rio Tinto Zinc) now with 60,000 employees in <u>40</u> countries. No wonder The Pilgrims Society is the planet's premier "globalist" organization. Tuke took over the RTZ helm after leaving the

Barclay's chairmanship when Turner retired from RTZ. As Eli Wallach so famously said in "The Good, The Bad and The Ugly" (1966) --- "Who the hell is that? One bastard goes in, another comes out!" In #6 Silver Squelchers, pages 82-86, read about the original startup capital for the RTZ operation in Spain coming from the British silver for opium business in China. Ulmer, whose father was from Switzerland, entered Naval Intelligence and then the OSS, Office of Strategic Services, forerunner to the Central Intelligence Agency, during World War II in Turkey, Egypt, Italy and Austria. When the OSS closed shop in 1945 Ulmer in 1947 moved to its successor agency, the CIA, retiring in 1962 with the Intelligence Medal of Merit. He then joined the Geneva based private bank of Lombard, Odier & Company, setting up its offshore operations in Bermuda. In her 1994 memoirs, Barbara Bush, wife of Pilgrims Society member George Herbert Walker Bush, she mentions her acquaintance with Ulmer and his wife---and never mentioned The Pilgrims Society. Speaking of his CIA career, Ulmer boasted --- "We went all over the world and we did what we wanted." In "The Man Who Kept the Secrets --- Richard Helms and the CIA" (1979) Ulmer is mentioned, but again no mention of The Pilgrims Society. "Family of Secrets" by Russ Baker (2009) also mentions Ulmer--- and no mention of The Pilgrims Society because Baker writes for establishment publishers. See the "Look Inside" feature of Amazon, no results found for "Pilgrims." Ulmer was chief representative in London (1962-1968) for Greek billionaire shipping magnate Stavros Niarchos, who owned a flawless 128 carat diamond. The Lombard Odier firm has been "bankers for seven generations" dating to 1796, and were "financiers of the mining industry (1800), cofounders of the Geneva Stock Exchange (1857), creation of Geneva's first life insurance company (1872), financing the Swiss railway network

(1880), cofounders of the Swiss National Bank (1907), the first European bank to hold a seat on the New York Stock Exchange," et cetera. It's today "one of the largest private banks in Europe." It has some \$170 billion in assets under management. The firm now suggests a "limited appetite by Chinese investors" for gold. The entire far flung constellation of Pilgrims Society entities has been for over a century, and continues to this minute, throwing lots of cold water on precious metals long sentiment! The name "Lombard" is no accident——Lombard Street in London is the "centre" of 24 hour international banking time, and is the London counterpart to Wall Street. Lombard Street is in fact based on one of the major Roman Empire roads in ancient **Londinium**. During the reign of King Edward the First of England, famously known as "Longshanks" and "the Hammer of the Scots," (1272 to 1307 AD), goldsmiths who immigrated from the Italian province of Lombardy were given a large land grant by the ruthless King on Lombard Street! The Worshipful Company of Goldsmiths, founded in London in 1327 AD, has extensive interlocking membership with The Pilgrims Society in London and Pilgrims meetings have been held in Goldsmiths Hall and the Goldsmiths have had deep participation with the Bank of England and its gold refining activities——for price suppression objectives. The shady Ulmer, CIA "spook" for The Pilgrims Society, representative of large Swiss banking interests---



15) John Ethelbert Leslie, Pilgrims Society, was chairman of the policy committee and director of Bache going into the Hunt silver crisis. The Hunts owned between 5 and 6 percent of Bache——this has been pointed out elsewhere——but others held larger slices of Bache whose sympathies were against rising silver prices. We'll have a glimpse of two of these after reviewing Leslie——one historical and another character who was at Bache when the Hunts were intentionally sunk! On March 27, 1980, silver again slumped from over \$20 the day before to under \$16 for another huge punch the Hunts had to absorb. "Beyond Greed," page 206, mentioned "heavy selling by Bache" and that Bache officials had been in contact with Paul Volcker the day before——



"Beyond Greed" page 266 mentions---

"Bache made money in 1980. Either directly or indirectly, there was a transfer of substantial sums of money from the Hunt brothers and the Saudis to the bullion dealers and some of the brokerage houses in New York."

Certainly so——The Pilgrims Society knifed the Hunts and in vampire fashion drained their finances. The Associated Press, June 25, 1986 reported that the Hunts retaliated with a suit against the banking syndicate that had them on a barbed fishhook and sued them for refusing to restructure the bailout loan. However, they were under

no obligation to restructure it. It was only a stall job. The release revealed that other banks in on the cannibalization of the Hunts included Mellon Bank (Pilgrims Society); European-American Bank (Pilgrims Society); Royal Bank of Scotland (Pilgrims Society); Royal Bank of Canada (Pilgrims Society); Bank of Nova Scotia (Pilgrims Society); Toronto-Dominion Bank (Pilgrims Society); National Westminster Bank (Pilgrims Society); and Marine Midland Bank (Pilgrims Society).

The New York Times Magazine, September 27, 1987 stated---

"The three Hunt brothers and their 13 sons and daughters (family chart, page 28), who are among the ultimate beneficiaries of the fortune that H. L. Hunt placed in trust for Bunker, Herbert and Lamar are facing the loss of virtually all of their wealth."

1972 <u>document</u> shows association of Leslie with silver refiner Charles Engelhard, see page two. Recall that Engelhard's firm had been named multiple times as a silver price suppressor and price fixer. Their silver activity consisted of a "straddle"——talk silver down with bearish rumors but price—fix milled silver items with Handy & Harman to benefit to the upside. The document also showed Leslie associated with a J.P. Morgan official (silver antagonists)!

1980-1981 Who's Who In America, page 2003---

LESLIE, JOHN ETHELBERT, investment banker; b. Vienna, Austria, Oct. 13, 1910; s. Julius and Valerie (Lawetzky) L.; Dr. Jur., U. Vienna, 1932; diploma Consular Acad. Polit. Sci. and Econs., Vienna, 1934; M.S., Columbia, 1942; m. Evelyn Ottinger Goetz, Mar. 28, 1940. Came to U.S., 1938, naturalized, 1944. Sec. to judges Fed. Law Cts. Austria, 1934-36; pvt. practice, Vienna, 1936-38; sr. auditor Arthur Anderson & Co., C.P.A.'s, N.Y.C., 1941-46; prin. R.G. Rankin & Co., tax consultants, N.Y.C., 1946-55; with Bache & Co., Inc. (name now Bache Halsey Stuart-Shields Inc.), N.Y.C., 1955-, chmn. bd. dirs., 1969-76, chmn. exec. com., 1968-69, chief exec. officer, 1970-77; chmn. bd. Bache Group Inc., 1969-78; chmn. policy com. Bache Group and Bache Halsey Stuart Shields, 1978-; dir. Banom Corp.; pres., dir. 920 Fifth Ave. Corp.; mem. adv. com. on internat. capital markets N.Y. Stock Exchange, chmn., 1973-75, also mem. com. on access; hon. consul gen. Austria in N.Y.C., 1965-. Trustee, Inst. Internat. Edn.; pres., dir. Bache Corp. Found.; bd. dirs. Econ. Devel. Council N.Y., Beekman Downtown Hosp., H.L. Bache Found.; mem. adv. council internat. affairs Sch. Internat. Affairs, Columbia U .; mem. adv. bd. Leeds Castle Found. Decorated cruz Vermelha de Dedicacao (Portugal); Gt. Badge of Honor, comdr. 1st class Order Merit, Gt. Gold Cross Honor with star (Austria); Golden Order of Merit (Vienna); officer Nat. Order Merit (France); officer's cross Order of Merit (W.Ger.); recipient certificate appreciation City N.Y. Mem. Securities Industry Assn. (dir., bd. govs.), Council Fgn. Relations, Soc. Fgn. Consuls in N.Y.C., chambers commerce in N.Y.C. of Austria (pres., dir.), Belgium, France, Germany, Gt. Britain, Italy, The Netherlands, Spain, N.Y. Chamber Commerce and Industry (dir.), France-Am. Soc. (dir.), Alumni Assn. Sch. Bus. Columbia, Am. Fgn. Service Assn., Am. Soc. Internat. Law, Fgn. Policy Assn. (dir.), UN Assn.-U.S.A. (vice-chmn., gov.), Newcomen Soc. N.Am., Pilgrims of U.S. Clubs: Union, Econ., Bond, Paris-Am., Wall St., 25 Limited Luncheon (N.Y.C.); Piping Rock. Home: 920 Fifth Ave New York NY 10021 Office: Bache Plaza 100 Gold St New York NY 10038

Leslie was an official of the U.N. Association, confirming him as a "globalist," and they don't want silver as a currency anywhere. The Economic Club of New York has an extensive record overflowing with campaigners and activists against silver as money. Naturally his view was necessarily biased against a rising silver price in a

commodity only perspective. Bache & Company participated in securities deals with Du Pont, Glore-Forgan (Du Ponts---Pilgrims Society and Silver Users Association, silver perma bears!) The Forgan of the firm was James Russell Forgan (Pilgrims 1969 roster) who on page 703 of the 1966-1967 Who's Who In America we note, was a member of the Order of the British Empire and a director of Eurofund; National Distillers and Borg-Warner; trustee of Princeton University. He married a member of the old-line wealthy land baron Livingston family, who are proliferated into more genealogies of Pilgrims members than any other dynasty I've encountered. Bache later became Prudential Bache, and Prudential has been on the Silver Users association roster——a group to whom rising silver prices are worse than witchcraft. The France-America Society, run by Pilgrims Society members, connects elite U.S. interests with old-line French dynasties, who are even more connected by genealogy into The Pilgrims Society London. Notice he was a trustee of Leeds Castle Foundation. The castle, which originally went into construction in 1119 AD, has been a residence for English kings and nobility for centuries. Beekman Downtown Hospital was named for the family of Wilhelmus Beekman, a Dutch colonial settler who arrived in 1647 and received large land grants in New York and New Jersey. The Beekman line "married into the most distinguished families of America." However, the Beekmans as prominent persons trace to around 1200 AD in the Netherlands and Germany. Fenwick Beekman was on The Pilgrims New York executive committee as of 1958 and the 1974 roster shows Robert Beekman a member.

Irving J. Louis Jr., an ex-Bache executive, filed suit against the firm on January 26, 1981, accusing Bache of falsifying its silver trading records, causing him a \$734,000 loss (page 217 "Beyond Greed.") Corrupt practices in Wall Street? Always. Somewhere in my holdings, admittedly just a fleck compared to what the Hunts once held is a one ounce silver wafer stamped "BACHE."

Bache & Company of course was at that time also a member of 52 futures related entities as diverse as the New Orleans Cotton Exchange, the Amsterdam Cocoa Terminal Market, the Sydney Australia Wool Futures Exchange, Minneapolis Grain Exchange, Winnipeg Commodity Exchange, Coffee Terminal Market Association of London, London Metal Exchange (LME), and the CBOT, Chicago Board of Trade, where silver saw its highest ever price as a commodity——\$52.50 the ounce——on the same day COMEX silver hit \$50.35 intraday. The CBOT is today part of the CME Group, owner of the COMEX. CBOT and since the merger, CME Group have had a close working relationship with the University of Chicago——Rockefeller (Pilgrims Society) controlled.

The 1970–1971 Who's Who In America, page 1937 shows this on John Aspinwall Roosevelt, Bache partner and executive, who was the son of the President who stole 113,031,000 ounces of silver from the USA public, August 1934 to February 1937. Apparently he was so proud of his Pilgrims activities that he mentioned it twice——his kid brother, Franklin D. Roosevelt Jr. surfaced in the 1974 Pilgrims

roster for New York and his sister in law became a <u>member</u> in recent years---

ROOSEVELT, John A., investment exec.; b. Washington. Mar. 13, 1916; s. Franklin D. and Eleanor Roosevelt; grad. Groton Sch.. 1934; R.A.. Harvard, 1938; m. Irene McAlpin, 1965; children (by previous marriage)—Haven C., Anne S., Joan L. With William Filene's Sons Co.. Boston, 1938-41. Grayson-Robinson Stores, Inc., Los Angeles, 1946-48; with Roosevelt, Lee, Magee, Inc., Beverly Hills, Cal.,

1953-61; sr. v.p., dir. Bache & Co., Inc.; dir. Roosevelt & Lee Corp. Trustee Eisenhower Exchange Fellowship Found., State U. N.Y., Marist Coll.; bd. dirs. Boy Scouts Am., Nat. Conf. Christians and Jews. Served with USNR, 1941-46. Mem. Am. Legion, Holland Soc. N.Y., Pilgrims of U.S. Clubs: Pilgrims, Lensh, Rachuet and Tennis (N.Y.C.). Home: Val-Kill Farms, Hyde Park, N.Y. Office: 36 Wall St., N.Y.C.

Bache later relocated to 100 Gold Street also in the Manhattan financial district. His listing in the 1980–1981 Who's Who was mostly unchanged. His relation Julian Kean Roosevelt, a second generation Pilgrims member, was also a long time member and was an investment banker in Sterling, Grace & Company. Former New Jersey governor Tom Kean (Pilgrims Society) who chaired the 911 Commission is a cousin of Julian. Roosevelt & Son, also known as Roosevelt & Company and later Roosevelt & Lee, traced all the way back to 1797 as among the oldest financial houses in the New York financial district, and would have been well acquainted with London money powers. The first head cashier (1791–1795) of the original United States Bank (our first central bank, 1791–1811) was John Kean. When the rechartering of the Bank was denied in Congress by

a vote of 65 to 64, England started the War of 1812! As of December 1970 Bache had 125 branch offices. 1974 Pilgrims New York---

Rogers, The Hon. William P. Roosa, The Hon. Robert V. Roosevelt, Jr.,
The Hon. Franklin D. Roosevelt, John A. Roosevelt, Julian Kean

Bache was at one time known as Bache Halsey Stuart Shields. Halsey and Shields are among the names in rosters of The Pilgrims Society over the years including William Shields, 1959 Pilgrims New York executive committee. Cornelius Shields (Pilgrims 1974) merged his firm Shields & Company into Bache. Shields had been a Wall Streeter for over 50 years and before the Bache merger, his firm swallowed up ten other firms. Here's the money kingpin who founded Bache & Company——

The current commodities and investment banking <u>powerhouse</u> Jeffries Bache with 3,900 employees is named for Pilgrims Society member Jules Semon Bache (1861–1944) of J.S. Bache & Company



The 1934-1935 Who's Who in America, page 215 has this on Bache---

BACHE, Jules Semon, banker; b. N.Y. City, Nov. 9, 1861; s. Semon and Elizabeth (Van Praag) B.; ed. Charlier Institute (now La Salle Sch.), New York; m. Florence R. Scheftel, of New York, May 23, 1892. Began as cashier Leopold Cahn & Co., bankers, 1880, head of firm since 1892, when name was changed to J. S. Bache & Co.: dir. Ann Arbor R.R. Co., American Indemnity Co. (Baltimore), Anniston City Land Co., Cuba Distilling Co., Empire Trust Co., New Amsterdam Casualty Co., New River Collieries Co., U.S. Industrial Alcohol Co., Tenn. Corpn., Manistique & Lake Superior R.R., Manhattan Elevated R.R. Co., Chrysler Corpn. (v.p.), Dome Mines Co., Ltd. (pres., treas.), Kelvinator Corpn., Motor Products Corpn., Julius Kayser & Co., Tenn. Copper & Chem. Corpn., Southern Agrl. Co. Mem. Met. Museum of Art, Am. Museum Natural History, New York Zool. Soc. Clubs: New York, Lotos, Crockfords Club, Bankers', Opera, Oakland (L.I.) Golf, Century Country, Pilgrims, Economic, Hudson River Country. Home: 814 5th Av. Office: 42 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

That's the same Placer Dome Gold Mines Bache was president of, that Michael DiRienzo of the Silver Institute has been a consultant to among other majors. Placer merged with Barrick Gold in 2006. http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Jules_Bache says at one time, only Merrill Lynch was bigger than Bache & Company; additionally that Bache became "an immensely wealthy man." He was a member of the religiously anti–silver Bankers Club in Manhattan. The January 28, 1943 New York Times, page 6, mentioned the annual meeting of The Pilgrims was held in the Bankers Club! Bache avoided U.S. taxation on his large Canadian interests which were held by an entity he set up in the Bahamas. Taxation is only something to hinder those not within the influence circles of The Pilgrims Society.

Bache was in both the Bankers Club and the Economic Club——both virulently opposed to monetary silver, with The Pilgrims superintending the entire works! At this link (see page 13, top) we notice there was correspondence from a Mr. A.D. Bache dated December 19, 1838, to the United States Bank of Philadelphia, as of 1836 run as a Pennsylvania state bank by Nicholas Biddle, after President Jackson blocked recharter as the central bank. Bache was nephew of George Dallas, counsel to the second Bank; Dallas Texas is named for a central banking supporter. The March 28, 1980 front page of the New York Times had a story that contained some misleading statements, as every instrumentality of The Pilgrims Society was lashing out against the Hunts——

Silver's Plunge Jolts Hunts' Empire And Brings Turmoil to Wall Street

Fears of Sell-Off of Metal Depress Stock Prices and Pose Threat to Broker

Drexel Burnham Lambert, another Pilgrims Society entity, played a role in the Hunt episode; but we will reserve discussion on Drexel for the forthcoming release——"Pilgrims Society Takeover of **BITCOIN**."

It can be fully anticipated that the leading lights of the New York banking crowd at this moment are Pilgrims Society members, same as in 1980, and that they are scheming as to how they can equal or outdo the infamy against silver/gold investors that their forerunners did in 1980. We await the availability of a recent roster by leak, pressure, or Congressional subpoena to be exactly certain of their specific identities.

In this <u>item</u> from the New York Times, October 14, 2014, about the passing of Nelson Bunker Hunt at age 88, we note---



"In one lawsuit, a federal jury in Manhattan determined in 1988 that the Hunts had conspired with others in a racketeering enterprise to monopolize the silver market."

In Manhattan especially, a federal jury, federal court, federal grand jury or federal anything would decide against silver longs. It would be funny if it weren't so obscenely hypocritical. The Hunts got busted for doing what the Silver Users association has been far more wildly successful at doing on the short side of silver!

"As creditors closed in, the Hunts hemorrhaged money and defaulted on \$1.5 billion in loans. They agreed to pay \$90 million in back taxes over 15 years and \$10 million each in fines levied by the

Commodity Futures Trading Commission, which barred them from trading. In 1989, Bunker emerged from bankruptcy with assets of \$5 million to \$10 million and debts that stretched to the Pecos horizon."

The Miami News, May 7, 1980, page 11-A observed about the Hunts, "inflation caused them to worry about soft currency and prompted them to invest in silver."

On May 2, 1980, in testimony at the U.S. House of Representatives, accompanied by Nelson Bunker Hunt, William Herbert Hunt stated---

"Access to the silver futures market by the average investor or speculator was denied by the high margin requirements. The result: There were no small buyers. Second, the position limits required large traders to dispose of their contracts. The natural result of these artificial factors was to drive the price of silver down. Mine was the distressful economic situation of being compelled to be a seller without buyers. The exchanges finally broke the silver market on January 21 and 22, 1980. On the 21st, Comex limited trading to liquidation only. The decline in the price of silver continued until late March 1980. This rapid decline was the inevitable result of the actions taken by the exchanges. The reason given by the exchanges for these abrupt changes in the rules and, in my opinion, manipulative actions was that there existed an emergency in the market; namely, that there was a lack of silver for delivery brought about by the presumption that those holding long futures positions would stand for delivery.

I submit that this was not the reason. The members of the board of directors, at least of Comex, are engaged, or represent firms engaged, in trading. Did some members of the board have a vested interest in forcing the market price of silver down? The Wall Street Journal on Thursday, April 24, 1980 reported that there were members of the Comex board who did have a vested interest in seeing that the price of silver went down. These were representatives or employees of major precious metal dealers, or floor brokers who had acquired short positions as the price went up. I feel that this committee should ascertain whether conflicts of interest existed with respect to board members and their firms. Were their actions between September 1979 and February 1980 market neutral; that is, did they not affect the price either up or down; or were they designed to drive the price of silver down? Did the board members profit from the market? Did the regulatory actions make this possible? Who had access to position reports, and was this information leaked to nonauthorized persons and firms in the market? It's been reported that one investor reported gains of \$100 million. Have the board members engaged in market manipulation in concert or individually for themselves or their firms?"

Given the long standing alleged link between soybeans and silver and that the Hunts were once big players in the soybean trade, too bad they couldn't have inundated the House chambers with soybeans to waist deep for those banker sellout whore Congressmen to have an unsettling experience.

Hunt's reasonable question, really a justifiable accusation——has never been adequately answered. Furthermore, did the members of the COMEX governing board hold shares in any member company of

the Silver Users Association? The misbegotten stooges in Congress and the media cutthroats didn't want to hear any such questions asked, much less know the exact answers. I submit that these Worthy Gentlemen of The Pilgrims Society, covered in this review, would have literally been "the horse's mouth" on this matter. By October 2012 William Herbert Hunt again became a billionaire, with petro resources in North Dakota——will his hold on this persist? Will they break him again, or seize it after his demise? Herewith a reprise of some poetry from "News Media Silver Blackout" released in July 2002 (condensed) ——

This is the voice of world control; all you need to know! With spooks, shills, devils, liars and mythmakers in tow! Little people flopping around in a mud hole, floundering in our wake,

Hoodwinking them with biased views is a piece of cake!

Owned by robber barons, money lords and magnates,
Where truth is concerned, great cheapskates!

We know what to avoid saying to not get fired,
Of being intellectual prostitutes, we are not tired!

Received letter from someone who knows too much, It never got published; editors have devils touch!

We have degrees in journalism; we decide what you read, To be informed about string pullers, you have no need!

Whose bread we eat, their song we sing, Tell the truth? We prefer severe wasp sting!

Bring up taboo topics; I get that deer-in-the-headlights look, Call me an editor; what I am really is a crook!

What, you expect us to run an expose of our primary bank? Uncensored websites? We worry about them on our flank!

Ridiculing precious metals is a siren song we sing, Our biggest lie? Paper currency is king! We run an Iron Curtain with respect to news, What gets blacked out? All opposing views!

Repress, censor, blackout and edit, Making sure the wrong views get the credit!

To what private associations do we belong, it's a can of worms, Expect honest coverage in silver? A contradiction in terms!

> Editorials are ready to go for blaming silver longs, As for naked shorts, we cover up their wrongs!

Intermarried, advertised with and interlocked, Sensitive news will be covered up and blocked!

It should be of interest that Ray Lee Hunt (born 1943) was a half brother to Nelson and Herbert Hunt, and while Ray also inherited large wealth, he wasn't involved in their silver gamble. In fact if anything, Ray Hunt became part of The Pilgrims Society's influence circles, and I regard it as possible that since the 1980 list, he may have become a member! Ray is a trustee of the George Bush Foundation and in 1998 became a director of the Federal Reserve Bank of Dallas, and chaired that Fed branch from 2002 to 2006. He went in deep with the same forces that wrecked his older half brothers! Among other positions, he has been chairman of the board of trustees of Southern Methodist University in Dallas, although he's Episcopalian. Ray became a Halliburton director in 1998 and in 2001 joined the President's Foreign Intelligence Advisory Board and is a trustee of the Center for Strategic and International Studies in DC, which really suggests warmongering

activities. Paul Volcker, who probably did the most of any Pilgrims Society member to destruct the Hunt silver plan, is associated with the CSIS. Moral of the story——if you go along with The Plan, you may be allowed to retain your fortune. As long as The Pilgrims Society controls the Federal government anyone outside its influence circles is at risk of being nationalized, wiped out or otherwise cancelled.

The Pilgrims Society is about breaking anyone of noticeable wealth who isn't aligned with its purposes. Someone might raise the point about Bunker Hunt having been a member of the elitist 1001 Club, skillfully researched by my great Dutch colleague, Joel Van Der Reijden. Occasionally there could be a member of certain organizations like the Council on Foreign Relations who isn't an ardent globalist. "Decimation" was the ancient Roman practice of one out of every ten soldiers being killed after a battle if it was decided that the troops hadn't demonstrated adequate ferocity. In Hunts case, he strayed into a forbidden area---being long silver--and that has never been a Pilgrims Society objective, but rather to obliterate silver save for jewelry and industry. The silver smash wasn't the first hit the Hunt fortune took from The Pilgrims Society. On June 11, 1973, the Libyan government nationalized all Hunt petroleum operations and Secretary of State William P. Rogers (Pilgrims Society) refused to intervene on the Hunts behalf. In spring 1980 when the Hunts money troubles were becoming

unendurable, they had been literally barred from the London money markets due to a financial issue with British Petroleum connected to the Libyan fiasco. Hunt was "formally bankrupt in Britain" (Page 200, "Beyond Greed"). Sir David Steel was chairman of BP at the very time the Hunts needed money and could get none from London. He was a member of The Pilgrims London as of the 1974 roster. As of 1978 Steel was a director of the anti-silver Bank of England and later became a director of the Kleinwort interests, who generations before enabled Goldman Sachs to enter the international markets ("Our Crowd," 1967, pages 152-153). Apparently presiding over the demise of the Hunts was to be a role for USA members of The Society. The Los Angeles Times, December 21, 1989, reported the \$10 million fine the CFTC hit Bunker Hunt with, because he riled the shorts the regulator fronts for! Here's one of several known <u>instances</u> of a CFTC Commissioner addressing the Silver Pillagers Association in servile tones while trashing the Hunts.

There has been a controversy between Ted Butler and some who disagree with him over his T-H-E-O-R-Y ("theory," a speculative conjecture, an exploratory supposition) that Morgan Chase has been vacuuming up perhaps half of the silver eagles issued by the Mint. Does anyone have objective proof that JPM holds large amounts of hard silver? I haven't looked for documentation of that detail. According to Ted JPM intends to profit by going long silver when it deems the moment timely. Could that happen? Yes it could, but

there is no history to date convincing me that Chase or the Morgan interests have ever been silver longs. If JPM has amassed a hoard, their record strongly suggests they'd use it for extending the span of the price suppression! It would be the same situation that started in summer 1934 when Congress passed the Silver Purchase Act. The plan of plans in the SPA of 1934 was to gather history's biggest silver stockpile into the U.S. Treasury Department, in order to have a vast supply to toss just enough silver at any one time onto the domestic and global markets to SUPPRESS the price for decades, which is exactly what happened, then the secretive business of foreign silver "leasing" kicked in! The Economist, July 13, 1963, page 166 reported the Treasury Department issuing this statement——

"DILLON, THE SECRETARY OF THE U.S. TREASURY, HAS SAID THAT SILVER BULLION WOULD BE RELEASED ON DEMAND TO PREVENT SILVER RISING."

Silver suppression in fact was Treasury policy in 1934 and long before that and it has never changed. It's true that the Treasury price to domestic miners for silver became 64.64 cents per ounce——a forty cent per ounce increase over the British induced all time low of 24.5 cents per ounce in February 1931——but it was necessary to raise the price in order to draw out large amounts. After that retrenching maneuver, Treasury began using the silver hoard to start another long term price capping campaign! From

1936 to spring 1940, the Treasury absorbed 565,855,000 silver ounces from China (testimony before Senate Committee on Banking and Currency, Commercial & Financial Chronicle, March 23, 1940, page 1859). The Treasury and the Fed are never at cross-purposes with JPM. Additionally, JPM would have acquired silver directly from refineries, because why would it pay retail? No, the dispersion of eagles to the small folks is just another way to hold silver low till the final tick of the clock, and there is no "analyst" available who can say when that will be---if they call it, chance alone will have favored their call. If JPM wanted to profit from a silver price increase, why would they ignore the leverage in mining shares? Can strong evidence be presented that JPM has been a large accumulator of these shares? "Beyond Greed" page 191 mentioned the Hunts accumulated 28% of Sunshine Mining and installed Dallas resident Mike Boswell as president. The unmentioned detail to that detail is that the Hunts got the 28% by way of Great Western United (sugar beets and sugar refining). Page 240 mentioned the Hunts holdings in no less than 39 gold mining companies!

Were the Hunts smarter than these now legendary Pilgrims? I doubt it, because these Pilgrims went to the trouble of controlling the **GOVERNMENT.** Page 195 also mentions the Hunts acquired an interest in a New Mexico silver prospect from Goldfields. We know that the silver price has been under continual capping for generations, with the two big exceptions being the December 1979

into January 1980 upward jolt, and the smaller jolt upward in spring 2011. On all large price moves, this is where the biggest money is made both up and down——sell high, go short, cover near the bottom, buy back in and repeat. Now you have recaptured much of the payrolls the small folks were on the dole receiving till they reached retirement; now they must work again for less. If JPM wants to make money in silver today, why didn't they and their allies see to it that there were at least a dozen such major upward spurts in the price between 1980 and 2014? No, they've held silver down to prop up their central profit engine——the Federal Reserve. Finally——and I in all candor am very loathe to bring it up——but there persists the possibility of JPM ("Pilgrims Society") thinking——

"Why should we buy any silver now, when we can jerk the President's strings and have an Executive Order issued nationalizing silver at under \$10 the ounce? We can call it a non-inflationary price. All we have to do is yell precedent based on EO 6814 of August 1934, stage a false flag attack, and that we are at war, we have no silver stockpile, so we attack the silver hoarders for a new stockpile, and we can break them at toilet prices just like we broke the Hunts——just by controlling one man in the White House! We can start by having Brian Williams at NBC News denouncing silver hoarders as a terroristic national security threat, and whip up the public into a frenzy against the impertinent silver hoarders!"

Brew on this item from The Spokesman-Review, Spokane Washington, April 19, 1980, page 7---

"He (Nelson Bunker Hunt) said he was afraid the U.S. Government would expropriate silver." A memo from CFTC official John Mielke said about an October 23 (1979) meeting. Hunt, at that session, explained that he arranged trades with foreign silver owners to avoid shipping tons of the precious metal abroad."

The Hunts knew there was an organized monolithic financial structure they were up against——and it defeated them. Herewith I present for those who missed it in previous offerings, an excerpt from the American Review of Reviews, New York, May 1902, page 557, as to the founding and goals of The Pilgrims Society——

What a scope and what a horizon of work, at any rate, for the next two centuries, the best energies of the best people in the world; perfectly feasible, but needing an organization, for it is impossible for one human atom to complete anything, much less such an idea as this requiring the devotion of the best souls of the next 200 years. There are three essentials: (1) The plan duly weighed and agreed to. (2) The first organization. The seizure of the wealth necessary.

Hunt feared another Roosevelt style silver grab, and it's definite he knew of the New York money bloc being behind the government end of their troubles. They've been using the government (CFTC) for years to steal and "seize" wealth (silver output) from the mining companies you've had your hopes pinned on. It's not past them to manufacture a crisis and announce "Uncle Sam needs silver, don't be an unpatriotic hoarder, turn it in." Silver eagles? Yes it's a Congressionally authorized government program, but they can change in a matter of days hollering "national emergency" and "overriding need." We can resist this happening by several measures 1) increase public awareness of The Pilgrims Society, its thefts and power grabs and 2) encourage anyone of influence such as state legislators, car dealership owners, real estate developers, oil and gas wildcatters, attorneys and doctors and so on, to buy silver/gold and 3) remind the Silver Users Association of our boycott organizing intentions if the Treasury seizes silver/gold. Now after reading how The Pilgrims Society bulldozed the Hunts into low wealth status by attacking silver and what just the President alone acting against us at their direction could do to ruin our future---will you ask sites to start allowing coverage for this topic? It can't be because I have something to sell, because it's all a free presentation, that so few sites allow coverage, nor has anyone challenged the documentaries! Our metals community still has many who won't "pull out all the stops."

There is a crime wave taking place in the gold and silver markets! In any ordinary crime wave, we expect news sources to name the syndicate behind the crime wave, yet in gold and silver commentary, how often do we read the gang referred to merely as "the bankers?" Almost always! Calling it "The One Bank" is correct, but this creates no pressure for membership identification of the men involved! This is no way to get adequate results against them! We must prod their Secret Society out into the Light of Day! This we do by naming the responsible party---The Pilgrims Society! You can call The Pilgrims a Rothschild alliance organization if you wish, because Cecil Rhodes, the diamond magnate who schemed the founding of the group, was financed by Rothschild funds and several Rothschilds and

their agents have been members! The Pilgrims organization must be pressured to post rosters to the public domain, same as Bilderberg, Trilateral and other groups THEY FOUNDED with front men!

Who's Who in America, 2005, page 3312, another Pilgrims member on the COMEX in 1979–1980---

MOSSE, PETER JOHN CHARLES, financial services executive; b. Mtarfa. Malta, Sept. 8, 1947; came to U.S., 1977; s. John Herbert Charles and Barbara Haworth (Holden) M.; m. Christine Marielle St. Preux, Oct. 17, 1994. BA, Oxford U., 1969; MBA, U. Pa., 1971; MA, Oxford U., 1989. Bank officer N.M. Rothschild & Sons Ltd., London, 1971-76; spl. projects officer banking Bumiputra Mcht. Bankers Berhad, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia, 1976-77; v.p., treas., sec. NMR Metals Incorp., N.Y.C., 1977-79, exec. v.p., 1979-83; sr. v.p. Rothschild, Inc., N.Y.C., 1983-90; v.p., CFO, The Arista Group Inc., N.Y.C., 1991-93; U.S. rep. Travelex Fin. Svcs. Ltd., London, 1994-95; ptnr. Creelman Fine Arts, N.Y.C., 1995-2003; fellow Royal Soc. Arts, London, 2003-Treas. Circumnavigators Found., 2004-. Mem. Pilgrims of the U.S., St. George's Soc. N.Y. (life), Oxford U. Alumni Soc. (exec. com. 1994-96), Gold Inst. (co. rep., bd. dirs. 1985-90), Silver Inst. (co. rep., bd. dirs. 1989-90), Copper Club, Commodity Exch., Inc. (co. rep. 1979-90), Circumnavigators Club, Travelers Century Club. Episcopalian. Avocations: travel, trains. Home and Office: 353 E 72nd St Apt 33D New York NY 10021-4622

The Bank of New York apparently wasn't involved in the attack on the Hunts. Bacot was an AIG director and AIG was <u>named</u> by Ted Butler as ringleader (after the Hunt era) of the controlling silver short corner on the COMEX.

I include this as another item showing the monolithic control of The Pilgrims Society in our largest banking district--- BACOT, JOHN CARTER, banker; b. Utica, N.Y., Feb. 7, 1933; s. John Vacher and Edna (Gunn) B.; A.B., Hamilton Coll., Clinton, N.Y., 1955; LL.B., Cornell U., 1958; m. Shirley Schou, Nov. 26, 1960; children—Elizabeth, Susan. Admitted to N.Y. bar, 1959; with firm, Utica, 1959-60; with Bank of N.Y., N.Y.C., 1960—, pres., 1974—, also dir.; dir. Cirfico Holdings Corp., Home Life Ins. Co., Am. Internat. Group, Bank of N.Y. Internat. Corp., Bank of N.Y. Co., Inc. Chartered fin. analyst. Mem. Econ. Club N.Y., Pilgrims of U.S. Assn. Res. City Bankers, N.Y. Community Trust. Episcopalian. Club: Montclair Golf. Home: 48 Porter Pl Montclair NJ 07042 Office: 48 Wall St New York NY 10015

The COMEX was in crisis, December 1979 through January 1980.

Another silver/gold crisis is nearing after 35 very long years.

The Pilgrims Society can't douse this crisis like the 1980 event.

What will their "remedy" be? Federal price capping and nationalization?

Once the world price of silver escapes control, other countries won't export

To the United States if there is any crazy Federal silver price cap imposed!

Please ask your favorite sites to link or post this free documentary.

My main objective? Protection of our private property rights.

Watch for "Pilgrims Society Takeover of BITCOIN" on January 23!

"The Merchant of Venice" Act One Scene Three, William Shakespeare